OLYMPIC LEADER

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We are selling all the balance of our

Ladies' Shirt Waists Skirts and Wash Goods

at a

Reduction of 20c

from every dollar's worth.

Our fall goods are now coming in rapidly and we wish to make room for them.

$2.00 Shirt Waists go for $1.60
$2.50 Shirt Waists go for $2.00
$3.00 Shirt Waists go for $2.40
and so on right thru the line.

Come in and get one or two while the stock is complete.

PACIFIC STORE CO.
Julius I. Kirschberg

OUR FALL STOCK

IS NOW IN

Big Line of Cotton and Woolen Underwear and Hosiery

Best Line of Hats in the County
Finest Goods ever shown

Blankets, Quilts and Comforters in great variety

Everything for Fall Right Up-to-date and of Very Best Quality

S. J. LUTZ & CO.
THE BIG BRICK STORE

JEFFERSON'S TIMBER LANDS "RAISED"

PEOPLE CONGRATULATE THEMSELVES OVER INCREASE

Amounts in Some Instances to Twenty-five Per Cent, Being Nearly Equal to that of Clallam.

Over in Jefferson county, the resident tax payers, who have so long desired a new deal in the matter of assessments, to the end that the timber investors and speculators be required to pay their just proportion of the county's running expenses, are congratulating themselves over a 25 per cent raise. Their assessors and board of equalization are deserving of praise for the conscientious performance of duty.

Here in Clallam county a similar raise had previously been made, so that our timber lands are assessed at from $4.50 to $10, and in some instances even as high as 15 and $17, and hence are paying taxes, not only on a fair proportion of their selling price, but at a fair rate as compared to other classes of property. In fact, we have no doubt numerous examples might be cited of Clallam timber lands that our assessors and board of equalization, in their zeal to right past deplorable conditions, have assessed at a higher rate than the lands will sell for in the present depressed condition of the timber market.

The joy felt by the people of our sister county, a pleasure so universally manifested over their good fortune, is reflected in the Townsend papers so happily that we, believing all will be interested in their welfare, republish a few extracts.

The Townsend Call says:

"When the fog lifts so the board of equalization can scan the horizon of right and justice to its constituents and can also see the good work done in other counties in the way of raising the value of timber lands, the members will realize they have stranded the county's interests for some time to come.

"The assessors of King, Pierce, Snohomish, Skagit, and other counties, realizing that timber lands had increased in value many fold, obeyed their oaths of office and assessed such holdings at a valuation in proportion to the market price in case of a forced sale, but at a figure way below what the owners hold their property at. The Call suggested that the assessor of Jefferson county take the same course and then if the timber speculators tho't they had been unjustly dealt with they could appear before the board and show cause. This would have been an easy matter and saved the expense of notifications of a "two-bit" raise.

"As an example of the good and conscientious work done by the assessor of Pierce county, it can be stated that last year the Weyerhaeuser timber lands were assessed at $764,165. This year the same holdings were assessed at $2,089,294.

"In Lewis county, timber lands have been raised from 200 to 300 per cent. In Snohomish the board made a raise of 300 per cent. The holdings of the Puget Sound Mill Company were raised from $12,000 to $108,000. (An increase of 36 times "two-bits.")

'It is a well known fact that Jefferson's timber lands are more extensive and that the standing timber far exceeds that of Pierce county and is more valuable, yet its assessment was many per cent below the assessment made in Pierce county. The same raise was made in all counties heard from with the exception of Clallam, where it is presumed the same influence prevailed that prevailed here in Jefferson. (In this the Call is mistaken for the timber of this county, in spots, is assessed as high as $17 per acre.)

"The low assessment of timber lands retards the development of the interests of any county. The annual growth of timber more than pays the taxes, to say nothing of the benefits derived by increase in the price of lumber, consequently so long as the timber land speculators can induce the assessors and board of equalization to place a low assessment on their lands, so long will they allow them to remain idle. With an assessment somewhere near the real valuation of timber lands the corporations will lose no time in inducing a railroad to build thru the timber belts so they can get their timber to markets. The lands will be converted into farms, orchards, or grazing lands, which will bring people to our county, adding permanent and renumerative industries, and Jefferson county will then enjoy the same prosperity that is enjoyed by other counties.

"Jefferson will remain in the same old groove until enterprising, practical and progressive men are placed in the management of its affairs and the sooner the common people realize this fact and place such men in office, the sooner Jefferson will come to the front."

The Townsend Leader says the people (who own timber) are all "tickled to death," and congratulated the Board as follows:

"It is worthy of comment, and should not be lost sight of by the board of equalization, that up to the present time there has not been a timber land owner up before them who had anything but praise and commendation for the modesty of the increase which has been given their assessed valuations this year. In each instance the representatives have figuratively 'fallen all over themselves' in throwing bouquets at members of the board. And it is not surprising that they should do so. While equalizers in other sections of the country are boosting their values in hundred-fold multiplications, the Jefferson board, with a blushing modesty that would better become a simpering sweet girl graduate, finally spunked up courage enough to make a raise which, in some instances, amounted to a twenty-five per cent increase.

"It is claimed there is no available data upon which an intelligent raise could be based. The argument is frivolous in the extreme. Probably the most economical way of ascertaining the true value of the lands would be to raise them a thousand per cent. It is not unreasonable to presume that this is the real method behind some of the astonishing raises that have been made in other counties. Such a move would have the effect of bringing before the board those people who believed themselves aggrieved and once there they could then be required under oath to declare a just valuation on their holdings. The penalty for perjury might at the same time be explained and it is almost a foregone conclusion that surprising results would be arrived at without any unusual effort on the part of the board, or expense for the taxpayers to meet."

In King county, where the valuations on coal and timber lands were raised from 3½ to 10½ million (logged-off and coal lands being later somewhat reduced), it is said "representatives of timber land owners hovered around the board of equalization thicker than flies around a deserted molasses barrel, but the board stood firmly by Assessor Parish." It will be noted in the record of proceedings published in this issue that the four hundred thousand acres in this county were equally well represented, and the representatives were as promptly turned down.

In Pierce county the timber holdings were increased nearly two million; tax receipts increased $217,000; possible cut in tax levy of three mills.

TO OPEN CIGARETTE STORE

Col. Woodbury, commanding officer of the Third Infantry, at Fort Lawton, says that while civilians cannot purchase articles at the post exchanges, the state cannot prohibit the sale of cigarettes to soldiers.—Seattle P.-I. Now we know what the new building near the city hall, on the government reserve, is to be used for.

JIM KNIGHT has just received a full line of winter underwear, wool and corduroy shirts, comforts and blankets. All fresh new stock; nothing motheaten or shelf worn. Each and every article is guaranteed.

JIM KNIGHT
The man on the corner. Front & Laurel. Port Angeles.

Launch "Dorothy"

For charter by the hour or day for

Pleasure Parties, Excursions, Evening Sails, or for Light Towing.

Can carry 24 passengers.
Prices reasonable.

C. E. Fulmer, Port Angeles.
Phone 74.

FRONT STREET LOT SOLD FOR $7,500

SHOWS CONFIDENCE EASTERNERS HAVE IN OUR CITY

Frame Building Being of Little or No Value, Price Paid Was for Land Only. One of the Best Sites on Street.

Thos. T. Aldwell sold, last week, to Geo. A. Glines of Winnipeg, the water front lot, 50 x 300 feet, on which stands the frame building occupied by Kaufman's saloon. Price, $7,500. Mr. Glines, who has made a fortune during the twenty-five years he has been in the real estate business, must certainly be a good judge of values and positive that Angeles affords a good opportunity for investment. Being now retired, he has been traveling all over America and now proposes to see Europe.

Mr. Aldwell also sold property to Mr. Glines' traveling companion, Dr. Geo. A. Drew, a prominent physician of British Columbia.

SOMEONE MUST PAY EXPENSES

In Olympia, where members of the state tax commission are checking up, a number of surprising peculiarities have been found. For example, "An instance on the list from Clallam county, where eighty acres near Port Angeles is appraised at $10 an acre and the improvements at $5,000. Why a man should put five thousand in improvements on eight hundred dollars worth of land seems most peculiar here." Summer home of one of our millionaire timber owners, of course. Find 'em on every quarter section. Must have been mighty poor land, tho, at that price.

Just received a nice line of Art Squares, rugs, carpets and mattings. If you are in need of a good carpet come in when in town, look our stock over and get prices.

H. Gutenberg & Co.'s Hardware and Furniture Store.

IRRIGATION AT SEGUIN

Mr. Storey Advances Same Argument We Have Often Made on Value of Irrigation on Streams of the County.

Fresh from an inspection of the irrigated fields of Seguin, Clallam county, transformed within a few years by the waters of the Dungeness river from an unproductive and barren prairie to one of the beauty spots of the coast, County Superintendent of Schools T. P. Storey is an enthusiastic advocate of the like transformation of thousands of acres of logged off lands in Western Washington into productive fields.

Mr. Storey was called to Clallam to meet with the school board of the county, and upon the completion of his work, he inspected the irrigated district. In speaking of his trip, he said:

"I had never been impressed with the possibilities of Western Washington under irrigation until I saw the bountiful harvests of fruit and grain at and near Seguin. A barren prairie near there, comprising thousands of acres, and covered with dwarf fir, with great barren openings, has been transformed into a perfect beauty spot, with the finest apples and other fruits I have ever seen. This has been done chiefly by simply digging main ditches from the Dungeness river, and running small laterals from these, with which the lands are flooded, at seasonable times. The land is now selling at one hundred dollars per acre, where formerly it was worth practically nothing. Unquestionably as great results can be achieved in other parts of Western Washington from irrigation, as in Eastern Washington. I do not see why, with the many streams and rivers in this portion of the state, much of the logged of land that is worth practically nothing cannot be transformed into productive land by convenient and cheap irrigation, which will bring both people and money to this part of the state.

"They raise three crops a year of alfalfa near Seguin, two crops of very heavy clover, and apples that are fully equal to those of Wenatchee or Yakima. The land is held in fifty to 160-acre tracts, but is being divided into smaller parcels on account of its productiveness. There are many new settlers coming in there from the East, and a large population will be drawn to that section within a few years. The practical results of the tapping of the Dungeness river furnishes a shining example of what can be done with our worthless logged off lands in other localities.

TIMES CLOTHING MART

10,000 Dollars

TO BE GIVEN AWAY BY

R. A. MUSKETT

He having made the above amount in profits in ten years over and above expenses

Thus he has a surplus of $10,000 in his stock that he can afford to give to his customers who make a purchase. From now on you will get goods at cost. He is willing to show the invoice. We will continue to see WHO is WHO—Muskett or who?

No connection with that man on the corner

Time is too short to make a list of prices, but you can see for yourself as everything is marked in plain figures. Come along and look around Purchase or no purchase, you will get satisfaction which has not always been handed out to you.

Times Clothing Mart
R. A. Muskett

THE BEST CROP.

"The best crop is the crop of children."
—President Roosevelt.

Eyes Ablaze and Wagging Tongue,
  And Tippytoe are children three;
Romping here the whole day long,
  Clambering upon my knee.
Hands and knees upon the floor,
  Laughing, shouting, noisy crew;
There is joy, and something more
  In the things that children do.

Eyes Ablaze is eight years old,
  And a roguish, brown-haired miss;
Loving arms that round me fold,
  Lips God fashioned with a kiss.
Eight years old she is and fair,
  With many of her mother's ways;
Daughter, playmate, comforter,
  That's my little Eyes Ablaze.

Wagging Tongue, a boy of six,
  Chattering the whole day through,
Up to many boyish tricks—
  He's the noisiest of the crew,
Shrieks of laughter seem to ring
  Through the house the whole day long;
Oh, the joys that children bring,
  Eyes Ablaze and Wagging Tongue!

Then God sent us Tippytoe,
  Just to make our home complete;
There must be a babe, you know,
  Toddling on uncertain feet.
Wide-eyed, wondrous boy of two,
  Too soon older you must grow;
But God warmed our hearts anew
  When he gave us Tippytoe.

Of the blessings God bestows
  On his grown-up children here,
Fairer even than the rose
  Are our little ones so dear,
Of the gifts he sends to-day
  To enrich earth's kindly breast
Rings the truth when parents say
  Little children are the best.
—Detroit Free Press.

Fairy Tales

Paul sat on a low stool facing the fire, his breakfast spread on a great arm chair before him. Beside the egg and the toast and the glass of milk, there was The Book, with its cover wondrously decorated in red and gold, propped open at the picture of the princess. As he finished the last morsel of buttered toast and began quite slowly on the egg—one kept the egg always for the last—he turned his eyes meditatively on the nurse.

"What could one do to grow large—as large as you—large enough to fill this big chair?" he wondered, thoughtfully.

Mary was pinning on her cap at the mirror. She spoke with difficulty, her attention on her task.

"Oh, eat much, and sleep much, and be very good and obedient."

"Eat and sleep—and be good," Paul summed up concisely. "Does it take long?"

Mary turned her laughing eyes on him curiously. "Not very long," said she. "Why does he want to be big, I wonder." He reached gravely for The Book and opened it quite slowly to the place.

"I should like," said Paul, "to eat downstairs where Simpson waits, and to go places with—with her, and to see what happens after she kisses me good-night."

"Oh!" said the girl in an odd little voice.

He thumbed the page wistfully.

"I suppose it rather surprised her—having a little son," said he. "The princes in this are all big, and I suppose she wouldn't know quite what to do with me if I went down now—I wouldn't—fit in. But I don't seem to belong to her up here, somehow."

Mary dropped upon her knees and patted his little legs comfortingly. They were rather fine little legs, straight and shapely, and rosy-brown above the socks.

"Don't you now?" said she. Her eyes grew very narrow and bright as they always did when she was thoughtful or cross.

"I tell you! Let's have a surprise?" she proposed, brightly.

"A sur-prise?"

"Something nice which she won't expect," explained the girl. "Shall we have it?"

"Yes, let's!" cried Paul, eagerly. "Is it something about being big and eating downstairs and being with—with her? What is it?"

Mary hugged him tenderly. "It's sleeping in her very own bed with her!" she said, impressively. "Would you like it—for just once! And when she wakes up, she will find you!"

Paul put his arms around her happily. "When—when will it be bedtime, please?" said he.

* * * * *

The boy opened his eyes on a strange world. Before him stretched a wonderful view, waving, fluttering billows of soft blue silk. His little body was almost buried in downy sheer pillows. He had never been in this place before, but somehow it reminded him of her, perhaps because the faint, very faint blossomy smell that she had was here, too. Suddenly, he remembered. He breathed a quaint little sigh of content; then he opened his eyes again, amazed. Soft strains of music were floating in to him. Very cautiously he pushed back the curtains and peeped out.

The room was as dainty and blue as the bed, and was dimly lighted by a pale blue lamp in the alcove. He crept out of the bad scarcely breathing, and, half-awed, approached the window. It was black outside, and the familiar sky was strangely lit with many twinkling lights. He was 5 years old, and he had never seen the stars! He dropped down on his knees and gazed at them ecstatically.

"How pretty—how pretty!" he murmured softly, and then, remembering, he drew a sharp little breath and added, "How very clever, too!"

Outside, the music was running on dreamily. He scratched his head an instant, reflecting, and started slowly for the half open door in his bare feet and pajamas. And so, in his journey of inspection and exploration, he came, unheard, upon the two on the stairs—a pale, slim, little face, all eyes and tiny, quivering lips.

* * * * *

"If only you were not unhappy," said the man, slowly, "I—why—I could bear it then; that would be enough for me; but——"

"I am happy," said the princess tremulously. She raised her roses to her lips to hide their piteous trembling, and dropped her eyes.

"Last week—yesterday, perhaps, I might have thought otherwise, but to-night—to-night, I know that I have everything—everything my heart desires."

"Everything?"

She nodded, her face turned away to escape the pain in his eyes; her own were very soft and dark and pitying in the half-light, and a little wistful.

"Yes," she repeated, "everything."

The man fastened his glove intently, and looked off somewhere into space.

"I believe," he said, grimly, "that you are breaking your heart."

"No, no," she cried, softly, "but I am breaking yours again. Oh, if I might make you happy—if I might!"

"Why not?" he asked, earnestly. "Why?"

She leaned over thoughtfully, her eyes on the people below them.

"You wouldn't understand," she said; but she half closed her eyes and seemed about to go on, so he waited quietly.

"When I married," she said, slowly, "you—you know the story. We gave each what we wished and so—it was not love, you see. We didn't even pretend that it was love."

She looked up, but his face was expressionless and set.

"I loved you," she went on, calmly, "loved—do you see, but you didn't ask me—then, and Terrinini did. Afterwards you told me—afterwards, and so I had that comfort to begin on. Then—and then my child was a boy. I didn't want—a boy. I knew nothing whatever about boys, and I was very young,

THERE WAS THE SLIGHTEST RUSTLE ON THE STAIRS.

and so—but, meanwhile, I have come to know Terrinini, and——"

She raised her eyes to his curiously, and he winced.

"He's brave—and big—and true," she went on evenly, "and my boy is growing up. Some day he'll be a man. I don't want the love in his eyes to change. I want him always to look at me as he does now. I——"

There was the slightest rustle on the stairs behind them, and a very forced cough. They turned their heads curiously at the sound.

"I beg pardon," said Prince Paul gravely, one hand on the balustrade, the other nursing a bare foot. "I think I must have wakened by mistake."

The princess caught her breath sharply and held out her arms to him.

"Is it Fairyland?" he asked, seriously, coming down to them. "I have never seen things like this before."

"It is," said the man, "and how, will you tell me, did you get here?"

"I don't know. I really shouldn't have come, I suppose, I'm so little, and little people don't belong to stories, but—I wanted to be near you," he finished sweetly in her ear. She clasped her white arms around him and let her head fall down on the soft, silvery folds of her gown.

"Boy—boy" she murmured, unsteadily.

It was a confession of love and a prayer in one.

The man reached over and caught the child's hand. "And now that you've come—what?" said he curiously.

Paul sat thoughtfully pondering the question.

"It is only for a visit, I guess," he sighed. "There is no place, you know, for—for just children. They don't count in things at all—they don't——"

The man pressed the hand he held tenderly. "They just do," he insisted. "Fairyland is Childland. Don't you know? Fairyland is only for you——"

"And mother," said Paul. "For princesses, too. Your picture is in my book," he confided to her in a whisper. "I recognized you. That's how I knew you are a princess, and Mary says's it's true. Princess Terri-nin-i."

Then he turned politely to the man and added:

"I expect you didn't want your picture in? Or maybe you aren't a prince?"

"No," said the man. "I am not a prince; I'm afraid I'm not much good, you know. I'm—I'm there, though. Perhaps you didn't recognize me. I'm The Wicked One."

"Why, no!" cried the boy, wide-eyed. "Are you the one who kept the princess in the tower and made her old and unhappy and——"

"No," said the man, gently. "I couldn't. The little prince won her away from me; got into her heart and held it against me, and then—and then even captured mine!"

Paul wrinkled his forehead, puzzled. "I don't quite remember that story," said he.

He lay back comfortably in the princess' arms and closed his eyes to shut out the glittering lights. Over his slim white form the man stretched out his hand and caught the princess'.

"Good-by," he whispered. "I'm off again. You are happy, I see, happier than I could ever make you. I—I'm glad."

Then she smiled at him; tears for him were in her eyes.

But Prince Paul sat up, as he had turned to go, and held out his hand to The Wicked One, who arose from his stair seat.

"I'm sorry you are the Bad Man," he said. "I—I rather like you. I—I suppose, though, you have to be. They wrote you that way. And I'm sorry I couldn't rem—member the—story. I'll look—it up—to-morrow," then he turned and smiled up into the princess' soft blue eyes.

"Would you put me—in bed?" he asked timidly, "and kiss me good-night again—if the others could get on without you, I mean?"

"They must," whispered the princess, happily. "They must, for I am never coming back to them. I am going to stay always—with you."

He blinked his eyes sleepily and pressed his warm little lips tenderly against hers.

"To-morrow — and to-morrow — and to-morrow?" he asked, doubtfully.

"For always," she promised.

He closed his eyes sighing, and smiled * * * and so, in her arms, she carried him back to the blossomy bed.—Black and White.

COUNTY WITHOUT A TOWN.

Oklahoma Convention Locates a Site for Building a Burg.

Immediately upon the adjournment of the constitutional convention and a favorable decision by the Oklahoma courts that the convention had power to divide counties in Oklahoma a town will be built at Buffalo, formerly a portion of northwest Woodward County, says the Kansas City Star. The town site is now bare prairie owned by W. H. Miller, a farmer.

Though forty by twenty-eight miles in size, Harper County is without a single organized town government. Brule, a county postoffice, with two or three trading stores, was the most important trading point in the county, but it was not a town. The nearest railroad station to Buffalo is Ashland, Kan., thirty miles away.

In building a town at Buffalo the owner of the land will make a number of experiments that are not untinged with a certain kind of socialism. George Ford of Guthrie, who will manage the enterprise, is a man of socialistic views.

"The owner of the land," said Ford, "realizes that the citizens of the county will be hard pressed for money in the establishment of the county government and that some kind of assistance will be necessary to give the county a good start. Miller has given five lots in each block and an entire block to the county. On this single block will be built county buildings. The lots may be sold by the county or retained perpetually for rental purposes, the income to be used for running the county government."

But it is in another way that the town of Buffalo will be experimental. The owner of the land has agreed to use a certain portion of the income from the sale of his lots in building public utilities, which citizens could not afford to build and in which outside capital would find no early profit. A system of waterworks will be established by the erection of windmills and reservoirs, from which water will be conducted in pipes to all portions of the town. An acetylene gas plant will afford light. Until the county can levy taxes and build a courthouse county officers will be given quarters free of cost in a building owned by the town site company. Other improvements af this kind will be a cotton gin, a creamery plant, a canning factory and a motor car line to Ashland.

A Genius.

"But," we asked in wonder, "how did you ever manage to break the safe?"

"Shucks," answered the burglar, "I can even open the average car window."

Herewith we could only gaze in admiration at the superior being.—New York Sun.

Advertisement.

"Why do you allow yourself to be posted at your club?"

"Well," answered the easy going youth, "it's a large club and a swell one, and no one would know I was a member of it unless I got posted now and then."—Washington Star.

This One Especially.

From a Paris paper we take the following conversation in a police court:

The President—It appears from your record that you have been thirty-seven times previously convicted.

The Prisoner (sententiously)—Man is not perfect.—London Globe.

The worst thing about work is that some men do too much and others not enough.

EDITORIALS

OPINIONS OF GREAT PAPERS ON IMPORTANT SUBJECTS

THE END OF THE LOTTERY.

DEATH-beds are not usually places for rejoicing, nor it is often that the old rule about speaking noting but good of the dead may be broken. A recent scene in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Alabama gave a fitting opportunity for making exception to both these rules. It was the death-bed of the old Louisiana Lottery, and the decedent is believed to have left no heirs, few mourners, and a memory that it is most charitable to forget.

The end came through the acceptance of a plea of guilty offered by thirty-seven defendants, from several different States, to the charge of conspiring to cause the interstate carriage of lottery advertising.

This is the culmination of a legal fight which the government has carried on for forty years, and a moral fight which the American people have carried on for a much longer time. The mails were closed to lotteries in 1866. The companies turned at once to transportation by express, and it was not until 1895 that a law was secured which forbade interstate transportation of lottery tickets or advertisements. This drove the Louisiana company from the United States to Honduras, and caused a change in its name. The constitutionality of the law was at once attacked, and was fought through the courts until 1903, when the Supreme Court decided against the lottery company.

Since then the business of distributing tickets and advertisements has been by messenger, but agents of the government were able to present so strong a case of conspiracy to use the express companies, too, that the recent conviction resulted.

The lottery, then, is dead. Let us hope that it will stay dead. It was conceived in the falsehood that a few should profit at the expense of the many. It robbed the widow and the orphan, and fattened on the workman's slender wages. It bred false hopes, broke down self-reliance and steadiness of character, and furnished a convenient cloak for dishonesty.—Youth's Companion.

ADVISING THE GRADUATES.

THE baccalaureate addresses to college graduates were attuned to one key—that the young men going forth to battle in the world should find it imperative to take part in and elevate the standards of political life. There is too much laxity in office-holding; there is some dishonesty, and there is too much indifference among the people. From these causes scandals arise which are a reproach to our system of government, and which are costly to those levied upon for its support.

The youths who have devoted four years to acquiring a classical education have by this very training fitted themselves to become leaders in the parties to which they elect themselves. They can be of marked service in making these agencies serve the people—what they were called into being for—instead of being perverted to base ends to become the tool of selfish politicians in advancing personal interests and thereby preying upon the people.

The university or college graduate knows that honesty in politics is quite as necessary as in the other walks of life. The dead-beat is here as he is in trade. To get a living without paying for it, which means possessing a sinecure, is the role of the worthless hanger-on in politics. His presence is proof that graft holds a strong hand in the game and that the taxpayers are being fleeced by dishonest guardians of the public funds.

To drive out these cormorants ought to appeal to the well-educated man leaving his books to make a record before men. By voice and pen he can aid in the overthrow of conscienceless officials. It is a noble work to engage in. To do good in the community ought to be the aim of every man and woman. In the sterner field of politics there is need for all the watchfulness and energy possible to prevent incompetent and dishonest office-holding.

After finding a place in the community where he can be assured of an honorable living, the next step in the career of the educated man is to dedicate himself to the cause of the people and see to it that, as far as his influence extends, the taxpayers are not imposed upon by officials intent solely upon their own enrichment.—Utica Globe.

SAFETY IN RAILWAY TRAVEL.

THE National Union of Railway Trackmen has filed complaints before the railroad commissioners of various States in regard to dangerous conditions the trackmen sometimes contend with. This question has recently become more urgent on account of the serious increase in railroad fatalities. In the last three months of 1906 there were in the United States, according to reports published by the Interstate Commission, 1,739 derailments, with a list of 146 persons killed and 1,517 injured. Recently the average of derailments and casualties has been far beyond the former figures. In four years the derailments and tragic list have grown beyond the expansion of railroad systems and the population. Proportionately, there are more accidents and greater resulting damage to life and property.

It is represented by the trackmen that in some cases the rails and roadbeds are defective, and that the force maintained to watch and repair them is insufficient. They state that more rails are broken on account of improper support by ties than by faulty manufacture in the steel mills. It is further claimed that the patrol of tracks by day and night is not enforced as thoroughly as in former years, and that government or State inspection of tracks has become a necessity. As the trackmen are in close touch with roadbeds physically, their statement, it may be assumed, will be carefuly weighed by railroad officials, who desire, as much as any class, that tracks, and all branches of the service, shall be safe and efficient.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"Cheer up," advised the good-natured man. "You look as if you didn't have a dollar or a friend on earth. What's the matter with you?"

"Oh, nothing much," replied the lugubrious individual. "I've got a little neuralgia that's kept me in agony for the last few days and it's just coming on again. That's all."

"Well, well," said the good-natured man, sympathetically. "Too bad! Intermittent, eh? It's a good thing it isn't troubling you all the time. That would be even worse, eh? Lucky it isn't toothache, too. I generally find that neuralgia yields to treatment, but there's no cure for toothache. Don't encourage it by looking dismal, anyway. It may pass off. I thought when I saw you that something had been going wrong with your business."

"Something's been going wrong with it for a time," said the lugubrious individual. "It's going to the dickens. Where we sold a carload about ten years ago we aren't selling a couple of crates today."

"You save on freight then, don't you?" said the good-natured man, jocularly. "I guess you're making it out a little worse than it is. But you know what goes up comes down and you may be doing business on a carload basis again in a month or two."

"There wouldn't be much in it if we were," said the lugubrious individual. "Competition's too keen. It's cutthroat, by jinks! But we've got to meet it if we don't make expenses. Talk about competition being the life of business! It's going to be the death of mine."

"Anybody in your line's doing mighty well if he does pay expenses," said the good-natured man. "I know two or three aren't doing that and Wicks has gone into the hands of a receiver. How'd you like that? I guess you'd have some excuse for kicking if you had got into that shape. Brace up, old man. Sell your crates and be thankful. How's your family?"

"Wife's sick," replied the lugubrious individual. She's been threatened with nervous prostration for the last year and she's killing herself now nursing our little girl through the whooping cough."

"There's scarlet fever in our neighborhood," said the good-natured man. "You're fortunate that the little one hasn't got that. Yes, sir. I met our doctor this morning and he told me of three cases he had. That's a bad thing, scarlet fever. Whooping cough isn't pleasant, I know, but it's something all children have some time."

"And our cook has left right in the middle of it," said the lugubrious individual. "Didn't give us a word of warning. Packed her trunk and then came downstairs with her hat and jacket on and said that her family wanted her back and would we please pay her wages and let the expressman take her baggage when he called."

"We had a girl played us a worse trick than that," said the good-natured man.

"Then don't tell me about it," snapped the lugubrious individual. "I don't want to hear it."

"I didn't mean to be unsympathetic," said the good-natured man. "I was only trying to show you that things might be a great deal worse."

"But you don't seem to realize that they might be a darned sight better," said the lugubrious individual. "That's what makes me sore."—Chicago Daily News.

The Hygiene of Underwear.

The average person wearing two sets of underclothing a week, says the Youth's Companion, will make the change in the middle of the week, but it would be far better if the two sets were kept going the entire week on alternate days. With the bi-weekly change, the clothes worn during the day are aired only for seven or eight hours in the twenty-four and never have the purifying process of a sunning. With two sets going on alternate days, one set can be aired two nights and one day, and, if possible, should be hung up where they can receive the direct rays of the sun for some hours. They should not be kept in a dark closet.

What's His Age?

"After all, you know," said Dubley, "a man is only as old as he feels."

"Yes?" replied Wise. "How about the fellow who 'feels like a 2-year-old?'"—Philadelphia Press.

Many a man who hasn't a good horse now will pat his old family horse on the back, and say: "I tell you, this old plug has been a mighty fine horse in his time."

Sometimes a man loses his head at the same time his heart is captured.

PLAGUE OF BIRDS IN ENGLAND.

Result of Crusade for Protection—Battues of Sparrows and Finches.

The protection of birds in England has reached such a stage that they have become a nuisance and now it is not unlikely that a systematic war will be waged on them. The complaint is not of the game birds, which pay in sport and in the market. It is the little feathered creatures that are bothering the farmers and gardeners.

Of course, the sparrows are the worst. They have grown to millions in the southern part of England and the Kentish farmers have had to organize battues to reduce their numbers, as they were devouring seed and grain and destroying fruit to a ruinous extent. Tens of thousands of them have been shot or caught with birdlime.

In Herefordshire, just north of London, the bullfinches are the worst offenders, swarms of them darken the air and settle down on the fields and in the orchard. The statement made is that they absolutely denude the trees of fruit.

Each apple or pear has only a little peck taken from it, but it is thrown to the ground and rendered totally unmarketable. The farmers and fruit raisers here talk of organizing formal hunts to thin out the flocks of birds. Starlings have also become extremely numerous and are badly in need of slaughter, the country people say.

The pigeons are the only birds constantly shot all the year around in England, and in spite of this their number never seems to diminish. In one farm outside of London the proprietor reports that he shot recently 340 pigeons in a single day.

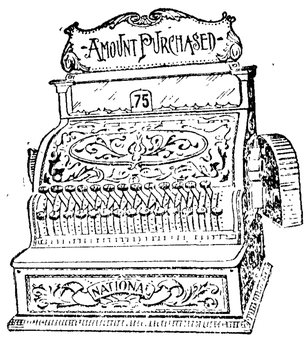
Farmers and gardeners and fruit growers are proposing to memorialize the government for the establishment of a scientific system to combat the increase of sparrows, finches, starlings, crows and pigeons in the interest of husbandry and horticulture.—New York Sun.

A Wonderful Cataract.

The falls of Iguazu, situate near where Argentina, Paraguay and Brazil meet, form one of the most wonderful cataracts in the world, being greater in extent and more varied in character than the better known falls of Niagara. The first plunge of the Iguazu falls is 210 feet, followed by two others of 100 feet each, while between the two series of falls there are cataracts and rapids covering a vast expanse and surrounding picturesque islands.

When a woman is superstitious, it doesn't mean anything, but if a man is superstitious it usually means that his business undertakings become failures.

The first step toward a widow's second trip to the matrimonial altar is her announcement that she will never marry again.



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WE DO NOT.

For we have no competition selling cheaper than we do.

WE SELL AT THE TRUE, NOT AT AN INFLATED PRICE.

WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

If you do not care to **THROW** your money away to help fatten the **TRUST**, you will do well before purchasing elsewhere, to call at our store and **SEE**; or, if you cannot do that, to **WRITE** to us, stating your requirements.

You may take it for granted that we will give more time to the study of your wants and try to give you better satisfaction in order to secure recommendation, than would the **TRUST**, which boasting of its monopoly which it does not enjoy, studies nobody—but its own pocket.

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S. N. U. No. 35 —1907

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MAN-A-LIN Is An Excellent Remedy for Constipation

There are many ailments directly dependent upon constipation, such as biliousness, discolored and pimpled skin, inactive liver, dyspepsia, overworked kidneys and headache

Remove constipation and all of these ailments disappear.

MAN-A-LIN can be relied upon to produce a gentle action of the bowels, making pills and drastic cathartics entirely unnecessary.

A dose or two of Man-a-lin is advisable in slight febrile attacks, la grippe, colds and influenza.

THE MAN-A-LIN CO.
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Hundreds of thousands of range cattle in the West starve to death every winter. When the snow is deep the number increases. The fatalities were unusually large during the past winter. The cattle run wild, and no provision is made by their owners for feed or shelter in the cold months. The American Humane Association is attempting to secure such a strong protest against the neglect of the cattle as to force the owners to change their method of doing business.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Cream well together one cupful of butter and one cupful of sugar, add one pint of molasses and one pint of flour. This will make a thin batter. Have flat pans well buttered. Drop a few spoonfuls on each pan and place in a moderately hot oven. The butter will run together. Bake until the mixture begins to stiffen around the edges, then take from the oven, cut quickly into squares and roll at once on the stick.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Take a pound of good round steak, remove all the fat, wipe the meat with a damp cloth, and cut it into pieces about 1 inch square. Put this in a glass fruit jar, pour over it two cups of cold water, and salt, and let it stand for half an hour. Into a deep saucepan put several thicknesses of newspaper and set the jar on this. Pour water into the saucepan so that it will rise to the same height as the liquid inside the jar. Let the water reach the simmering point, and let it stand for two hours, then increase the heat a very little, and cook a little longer. Pour off the liquid, strain, add more salt, if necessary, and serve very hot.

Content is like your eyes, nose, or any other feature. To have it, you must be born with it.

Buy Hair at Auction?

At any rate, you seem to be getting rid of it on auction-sale principles: "going, going, g-o-n-e!" Stop the auction with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It certainly checks falling hair; no mistake about this. It acts as a regular medicine; makes the scalp healthy. Then you must have healthy hair, for it's nature's way.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
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Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

RELIGIOUS

Living in Hope.

The habit of living in the future should make us glad and confident. We should not keep the contemplation of another state of existence to make us sorrowful, nor allow the transiency of this present to shade our joys. Our hope should make us buoyant, and keep us firm. It is an anchor of the soul. All men live by hope, even when it is fixed upon the changing and uncertain things of this world. But the hopes of men who have not their hearts fixed upon God try to grapple themselves on the cloud wrack that rolls along the flanks of the mountains; while our hopes pierce within that veil, and lay hold of the Rock of Ages that tower above the flying vapors. Let us then be strong, for our future is not a dim peradventure, nor a vague dream, nor a fancy of our own, nor a wish turning itself into a vision, but it is made and certified by Him who is the God of all the past and of all the present. It is built upon His Word, and the brightest hope of all its brightness is the enjoyment of more of His presence, and the possession of more of His likeness. That hope is certain. Therefore, let us live in it.—Rev. Alexander MacLaren.

A Double Life.

Not many years ago the president of a large loan company in Canada was convicted of fraud. For a long time he had been speculating in stock until his defalcations grew to hundreds of thousands. To keep the facts from the auditors, he had been obliged to handle a double set of books, one for his own personal inspection, and the other for the inspection of the stockholders. The difficulties involved in this double life increased until the situation became unbearable, and he went into bankruptcy.

There are many men to-day who are living double lives. The part that the world sees is plausible and respectable. The other part is unclean and repulsive. Robert Louis Stevenson's classic entitled, "Dr. Jekyl and Mr. Hyde," is an interpretation of these dual tendencies. Dr. Jekyl is a physician of repute; Mr. Hyde is the personification of his baser parts, and he is debauched and brutal. These two lives lived in the self-same town by the self-same individual finally betray their authorship, and the mask of respectability is torn away. It is always thus. The secret sins will inevitably express themselves, and the veneer will soon cease to conceal the truth. The life that is prostituted to sin leaves its traces, and a train of hideous penalties follows in its wake.

The Secret of Strength.

There is a very famous vine at Hampton Court, London, which has at times borne a thousand or more bunches of grapes, and the secret is that the vine sends its roots hundreds of yards through the ground to the Thames, where it gets its moisture and nourishment. Another vine, to which great interest has been attached, is situated at St. Gabriel's Mission, California, and is estimated to be the largest and oldest vine in the United States. It is 105 years of age. The stalk is five feet six inches in circumference, and is said to have borne two tons of grapes in one season. The roots are said to go down 300 to 500 feet from the stem, and it is believed that they are fed from some subterranean stream of water.

The man who is in communication with the water of life has the secret of eternal life. He has the guarantee of "much fruit." The tree that is planted by the rivers of water must bring forth his fruit in his season. There is nothing that will as well prove the authority of a Christian experience as its productiveness.

Sunshine and Music.

A laugh is just like sunshine;
It freshens all the day,
It tips the peak of life with light,
And drives the clouds away.
The soul grows glad that hears it,
And feels its courage strong;
A laugh is just like sunshine
For cheering folks along.

A laugh is just like music;
It lingers in the heart,
And where its melody is heard,
The ills of life depart;
And happy thoughts come crowding
Its joyful notes to greet;
A laugh is just like music,
For making living sweet.
—Christian Work.

Sunshine of Praise.

If you see anything that is worthy of praise, speak of it. Even if you cannot do a worthy deed yourself, commend one who does. Praise is a power for good; both God and man prize it. No prayer is complete without praise. The best worker for his fellows who fails to give praise fails of doing as well as he can. Mrs. Stowe states the truth effectively when she says: "Praise is sunshine; it warms, it inspires, it promotes growth; blame and rebuke rain and hail; they beat down and bedraggle, even though they may at times be necessary." Do we do our part in giving praise?—Sunday School Times.

JOURNEYS IN SAHARA.

People in Mountains of Gharian Live in Subterranean Dwellings.

The London Leader gives an interesting account of a daring march made across the Sahara desert by one of the protectorate residents in Baron. The distance traveled was 1,700 miles. In the mountains of Gharian Mr. Vischer found people living in subterranean dwellings. Through entrances ten yards long and one yard broad he came upon a square court yard, which was in reality a great hole open to the sky. Upon this all the rooms and stables converged. The rooms were very dark and there were no windows, but the most absolute cleanliness prevailed. Round the court yard was a wall protecting the dwelling underneath.

Beyond Gharian the expedition proceeded over rising grounds to the hills, where fig and olive groves lay among Roman ruins and underground villages. Nearing Murzurk, Mr. Vischer came upon stretches of petrified forests.

Describing part of his journey across the waterless desert, Mr. Vischer said: "We have had a five days' march across the desert without water. At the commencement of the desert all caravans waited for one another, until our combined party numbered over 500 camels. No caravan dares go through the desert alone. Everywhere the ground is covered with wind-polished stones, which are gradually themselves becoming sand.

"Everywhere is an endless horizon. Often apparently we see lakes and palm groves, but on all sides are nothing but stones, stones, until the sun disappears and the sky becomes filled with colors which would have given joy to a Titian or a Turner. All our marching is done at night. When we came to the end of the Hammada, Djamy Bey and I rode together ahead of the caravan until we reached the edge of a black gorge. "This," said the Arabs, "is the door of the Hammada, the waterless stone desert."

Mr. Vischer reports that while he was at Bilma a French force from Zinder formally took possession of the oasis. Shortly afterward two French detachments were attacked by a band of Taureg, all of whom carried modern rifles, and a desperate fight ensued.

Mr. Vischer reports that just beyond the waterless road and the wild Tummo mountains he came into contact with a Tuareg and Arab band who had come out to attack him or endeavor to get into the desert ahead to wait for him.

Mr. Vischer says: "I at once made the necessary preparations by putting all my men on guard and patrolling myself on horseback round the camp and town to prevent the Tuareg from joining the Tubbus against me, for though they were usually fighting each other, I had been told that they intended to join forces against the Christians this time. Twice, at 2 a. m. and 3 a. m., I met Tuareg messengers, who, however, ran away when I fired.

"In the morning I left the camp in the charge of my boys and went to attack the Tuareg before they could get at me. I found them after much difficulty intrenched in a position which enabled them to see me while they were absolutely hidden by some shrubs. I sent a Tubbu to ask them to come out and fight me. They answered back that they would come out when it would suit them to wipe me out and take my loads.

"I then fired, and they answered with a well-kept-up fire from about twenty modern rifles. Their shots all went over my head or into the ground ahead, so that I was able to approach to within about 200 yards. I killed one man and four of their camels, and then went back to my camp, six miles away.

"In the afternoon I attacked again, this time with all my ten rifles, while I left the camp in charge of the women and some friendly native Tubbus. I killed four of their men and sixteen camels, which had the desired effect of driving them back north and keeping away the Tubbus, who are all cowards. The great following of Arabs which had come with the Tuareg had kept away to see the result of the fight, and then disappeared. I was not attacked again on the road."

A Bride's Dilemma.

A humorous romance is reported from Natal, where a youthful Hindoo bride was recently called upon to choose between her husband and her jewels. The case came before the Durban police court in the first instance, where the bride's parents, says the Natal Mercury, accused her husband of abducting her while under thirteen years of age. The bride, however, claimed to be eighteen, and the magistrate dismissed the case. Outside the court a tug of war took place between the two parties for the possession of the bride, in the course of which it appeared that what her parents particularly desired was not herself, but her jewelry. A sergeant of police then sat in judgment and decided that the jewelry belonged to the parents, and the girl must choose between her husband and her bracelets. After some cogitation she chose the husband, who promptly unfastened the bangles from her arms and handed them to her parents.

Hopeless.

Tom—I tell you, old man, Miss Gabble certainly has got a pile of money. Why don't you propose to her?

Dick—I've started to do it several times.

Tom—What's the matter? Lose your courage?

Dick—No, but I'm never able to get a word in edgewise.—Philadelphia Press.

Even in this land of the free no man has the right to take unwarranted liberties.

OLD SORES FED AND KEPT OPEN BY IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD

Whenever a sore refuses to heal it is because the blood is not pure and healthy, as it should be, but is infected with poisonous germs or some old blood taint which has corrupted and polluted the circulation. Those most usually afflicted with old sores are persons who have reached or passed middle life. The vitality of the blood and strength of the system have naturally begun to decline, and the poisonous germs which have accumulated because of a sluggish and inactive condition of the system, or some hereditary taint which has hitherto been held in check, now force an outlet on the face, arms, legs or other part of the body. The place grows red and angry, festers and eats into the surrounding tissue until it becomes a chronic and stubborn ulcer, fed and kept open by the impurities with which the blood is saturated. Nothing is more trying and disagreeable than a stubborn, non-healing sore. The very fact that it resists ordinary remedies and treatments is good reason for suspicion; the same germ-producing cancerous ulcers is back of every old sore, and especially is this true if the trouble is an inherited one. Washes, salves, nor indeed anything else, applied directly to the sore, can do any permanent good; neither will removing the sore with caustic plasters or the surgeon's knife make a lasting cure. If every particle of the diseased flesh were taken away another sore would come, because the trouble is in the blood, and the ***BLOOD CANNOT BE CUT AWAY.*** The cure must come by a thorough cleansing of the blood. In S. S. S. will be found a remedy for sores and ulcers of every kind. It is an unequalled blood purifier—one that goes directly into the circulation and promptly cleanses it of all poisons and taints. It gets down to the very bottom of the trouble and forces out every trace of impurity and makes a complete and lasting cure. S. S. S. changes the quality of the blood so that instead of feeding the diseased parts with impurities, it nourishes the irritated, inflamed flesh with healthy blood. Then the sore begins to heal, new flesh is formed, all pain and inflammation leaves, the place scabs over, and when S. S. S. has purified the blood the sore is permanently cured. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores. Write for our special book on sores and ulcers and any other medical advice you desire. We make no charge for the book or advice.

I was afflicted with a sore on my face of four years' standing. It was a small pimple at first but it gradually grew larger and worse in every way until I became alarmed about it and consulted several physicians. They all treated me but the sore continued to grow worse. I saw S. S. S. advertised and commenced its use and after taking it a while I was completely cured. My blood is now pure and healthy from the effect of S. S. S., and there has not been any sign of the sore since S. S. S. cured it. THOS. OWEN.
West Union, Ohio.

S.S.S.
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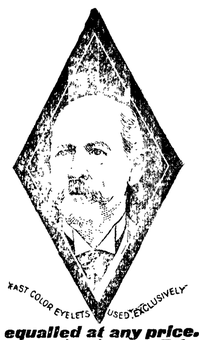
If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.



My $4 Gilt Edge and $5 Gold Bond Shoes cannot be equalled at any price.

CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. **Take No Substitute.** Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, send direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. **W.L.Douglas, Brockton, Mass.**

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TACOMA

Three full pints of sugar dissolved in hot water; butter the size of an egg. Boil all together until the mixture forms a soft ball, when dropped into cold water; take from the fire and beat hard until creamy. Stir in three cups of chopped nut-meats and a cup of seeded raisins. Pour the mixture into a wet towel and form into a pudding shape. Leave until it gets cold, then slice.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

The assurance that we will all be crazy in 300 years will have the effect of reconciling most of us to the likelihood that we will be dead before then.

It is no mere hyperbole which designates cotton as king. It certainly divides honors with corn as the great American crop. In the value of exports cotton greatly surpasses corn and wheat and it easily stands at the head of all the commodities which the outside world purchases from the United States. A failure of the American cotton crop would bring greater distress upon the thousands of mill hands in England, where it is manufactured than it would even in New England or Philadelphia, where textile industries are so enormous. Nearly all the civilized people of the earth wear American cotton. Hence, if the rest of mankind outside the borders of this republic were to vote upon the subject cotton would easily win the crown. Europe could get along without our wheat and corn and tobacco, but it would be fearfully pinched if it were deprived of cotton.

John D. Rockefeller told the assessor that his eight automobiles were worth only $1,300. He must have known that the assessor didn't want to buy them.

GOLDEN WEST
COFFEE
TEA SPICES
BAKING POWDER
EXTRACTS
JUST RIGHT
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE
CLOSSET & DEVERS
PORTLAND, ORE.

Delicate Cake.

One-half cup of butter and one cup of sugar, creamed together. Add a teaspoonful of vanilla, a cup of flour, a half-cup of cornstarch, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and the well-beaten whites of four eggs, folded in at the last. Bake very carefully in a slow oven, taking care not to jar the stove while the cake is cooking. Bake for an hour.

For roast meat. Use the tips and tender leaves. Wash dry on a cloth, and chop very fine. To three tablespoonfuls of chopped mint add two tablespoonfuls of granulated sugar. Mix, and cover with six tablespoonfuls of vinegar. Leave an hour, squeeze and strain.

Don't Push

The horse can draw the load without help, if you reduce friction to almost nothing by applying

to the wheels. No other lubricant ever made wears so long and saves so much horse power. Next time try MICA AXLE GREASE.
Standard Oil Co.
Incorporated

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

Subscription Price $1 per year.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1907

PROCEEDINGS BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

In pursuance to law, the Board of Equalization met Monday, August 5th, 1907, at 9:00 a. m., present Commissioners G. M. Lauridsen, County Assessor J. D. Hickok and County Treasurer A. R. Pringle; Absent, Commissioneers H. J. Bugge and K. O. Erickson.

The members of the Board each separately took an oath to fairly and impartially perform the duties of such Board.

The Board organized with Commissioner Lauridsen in the chair and N. M. Hawkins, county auditor, as clerk.

During the morning the Board proceeded to examine the Tax Rolls.

The Board adjourned to meet at 9 a. m., Tuesday the 6th day of August, 1907.

Tuesday, the 6th day of August, 1907, at 9 a. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, all members being present.

Commissioners Bugge and Erickson each took an oath to fairly and impartially perform the duties of said Board.

During the day the Board continued the examination of the Tax Rolls.

The Board adjourned to meet at 9 a. m., Wednesday the 7th day of August, 1907.

Wednesday the 7th day of August, 1907, at 9 a. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, all members being present.

During the day the Board continued the examination of the Tax Rolls.

The Board adjourned to meet Thursday the 8th day of August, 1907, at 9 a. m.

Thursday the 8th day of August, 1907, at 9 a. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, all members being present.

During the day the Board continued the examination of the Tax Rolls.

The Board adjourned to meet Friday the 9th day of August, at 9 a. m.

Friday the 9th day of August, 1907, at 9 a. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, present Commissioners Lauridsen and Erickson, Treasurer Pringle and Assessor Hickok and Auditor Hawkins.

The Board instructed the Auditor to notify the following persons that their personal property would be raised as follows:

E E Day, stock, from $700 to $900.

Geo H Davis, stock and saloon, $250 to $500.

J F Rudisile, stock and saloon, $200 to $300.

A A Zaccardo, stock and saloon, $20 to $100.

E W Merrill & Co, stock of goods, $1460 to $1600.

Port Angeles Grocery Co, stock of goods, $1450 to $1800.

Dungeness Trading Co., stock of goods $3500 to $4000.

Johnson & Bork, stock of goods, $300 to $500.

H. Gutenberg & Co, stock of goods, $1750 to $2250.

Herbert Baker, stock of goods, $300 to $600.

S J Lutz & Co, stock of goods, $3500 to $4000.

Phelps Dry Goods Co, stock of goods, $600 to $700.

Albert Goldwater, office furniture, $10 to $60.

J A Johnson, hotel furniture, $100 to $250.

W D Linthicum, stock of goods, $300 to $600.

Schott Bros., stock of goods, $70 to $125.

Tribune-Times Co, printing plant, $350 to $600.

Olympic-Leader, printing plant, $350 to $400.

Filion Mill & Lumber Co, lumber, 100 to $400.

J. C. Hansen

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

Phone 38

The Peach Season

Is at our door

Canning Peaches will be on hand in the next ten days.

We will have a big stock the same as heretofore, the price is not yet established but we are informed that there will be an extra heavy crop.

Leave Your Order.

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

Phone 38

Filion Mill & Lumber Co, machinery, $2200 to $2600.

Filion & Delabarre, donkey engines, $950 to $1200.

Black Diamond Paint & Shingle Co, machinery, $650 to $1000.

Goodwin & Sons, machinery, $825 to $1000.

Goodwin & Sons, shingles, $175 to $400.

A F Whitney, machinery, $500 to $700.

Seguin Shingle & Lumber Co., machinery, $1200 to $1500.

Giest Lumber Co, lumber, $100 to $400.

P S Mills & Tbr Co, tugboat (Augusta), $3500 to $4000.

Manhattan Canning Co, machinery, $600 to $1500.

Craig Fish Products Co, tugboat (McKinley), $400 to $3000.

T H Carter, nursery stock, $15 to $75.

Gate City Contracting Co, machinery, from $250 to $400.

W A Geist, horses, from $100 to $150.

W A Giest, wagon, from $20 to $40.

S W Hartt, horses, from $150 to $250.

P B Chambers, horses, from $410 to $600.

P B Chambers, wagons, from $150 to $200.

P B Chambers, harness, from $25 to $50.

A L Johnson, horses, from $255 to $375.

A L Johnson, horses, from $360 to $425.

A L Johnson, wagons, from $90 to $120.

A L Johnson, carriages, from $175 to $215.

F S Lewis, Imp on Gov Land, from $250 to $400.

Joseph Legatis, Imp on Gov Land, from $50 to $100.

S S Lovejoy, horse, from $25 to $100.

M E Maybury, threshing machine, $30 to $80.

Chas E Cays, machinery, from $400 to $500.

D B Merrill, Imp on Gov Land, from $200 to $225.

J J McDonald, stock of goods, from $300 to $400.

McIvor & Swanson, blacksmith shop, from $150 to $200.

J D McQueen, horses, from $50 to $150.

J D McQueen, wagon, from $10 to $25.

Fred Nelson, horses, from $45 to $75.

E J Ovington, boats, from $95 to $150.

Andrew Powell, household goods, from $10 to $25.

D E McGillivray. horses, from $40 to $100.

A T Johnson, boat (Sophia Johnson), from $300 to $600.

Cliff Thompson, wagon, from $10 to $25.

Cliff Thompson, carriage, from $15 to $35.

Cliff Thompson, horses, from $130 to $160.

R C Willson, Imp on Gov Land, from $150 to $200.

The Board instructed the Auditor to notify the following persons that the Board intended to raise the valuation of their real estate as follows, to-wit:

Vito Moraldo, e½ se¼ sec 12-29-3, $200 to $300.

Vito Moraldo, e½ ne¼ sec 13-29-3, $200 to $300.

O H Pease, sw¼ sec 17-29-3, $400 to $500.

H L Mitchell, se¼ ne¼ and se¼ se¼ and n½ se¼ sec 24-30-3, $320 to $640.

H J Bugge, nw¼ ne¼ sec 32-30-3, $80 to $120.

W J Ware, ne¼ ne¼ and sw¼ ne¼ sec 17-30-4, $240 to $400.

L J Byerly, nw¼ ne¼ sec 17-30-4, $120 to $200.

R D Merrill, sw¼ sw¼ sec 26-30-4, $160 to $200.

W J Ware, nw¼ ne¼ sec 27-30-4, $160 to $200.

Aaron Lewis, se¼ sec 2-29-5, $480 to $960.

Wells & Hitchings, ne¼ sec 17-30-7, $640 to $800.

P S M & T Co, se¼ sec 17-30-7, $640 to $800.

P S M & T Co, nw¼ se¼ and s½ se¼ and se¼ sw¼ and Lot 3 sec 33-31-7, $585 to $700.

W S Pearce, lots 4 and 17, sec. 6-30-9, $400 to $640.

C W Grader, e½ sw¼ sec 21-28-13, $320 to $400.

C W Grader, ne¼ nw¼ sec 28-28-13, $160 to $200.

C W Grader, Lot 1 sec 20-28-13, $100 to $150.

W F Burghoff, sw¼ sec 27-31-13, $1280 to $1600.

L D Partch, e½ se¼ sec 34-31-13, $640 to $800.

Maria Carpenter, se¼ and se¼ sw¼ sec 7-32-13, $800 to $1300.

Maria Carpenter, sw¼ sw¼ sec 8-32-13, $160 to $280.

J Leyh, nw¼ ne¼ and se¼ ne¼ sec 25-32-13, $300 to $400.

A M Nichols, sw¼ sw¼ sec 11-29-14, $100 to $160.

A M Nichols, nw¼ nw¼ and s½ nw¼ sec 14-29-14, $300 to $480.

C Baunton, Lot 1 and ne¼ nw¼ sec 19-29-14, $200 to $300.

Heirs of I B Merrick, se¼ sec 12-32-14, $700 to $1000.

A W Buckley, sw¼ sec 20-33-14, $700 to $1000.

J N Dewel, s½ nw¼ and n½ sw¼ sec 3-30-15, $640 to $960.

The Board adjourned to meet Wednesday, the 14th day of August, 1907, at 1 p. m.

Wednesday, the 14th day of August, 1907, at 1 p. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, present Commissioners Lauridsen, Erickson and Bugge, Treasurer Pringle and Auditor Hawkins.

The Board continued the examination of the Tax Rolls.

The Board adjourned to meet August 23, 1907, at 9 a. m.

Friday the 23rd day of August, 1907, at 9 a. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, present Commissioner Lauridsen, Treasurer Pringle, Assessor Hickok, and Auditor Hawkins.

During the morning the Board listened to various people regarding the assessed valuation of their property.

The Board adjourned to meet at 1 p. m.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, present Commissioners Lauridsen and Bugge, Treasurer Pringle, Assessor Hickok and Auditor Hawkins.

In the matter of the raise of assessed values of property of P S Mills & Timber Co and R D Merrill, each appeared before the Board by Thos F Trumbull, their attorney, and objected to the proposed raise of assessment on the grounds that where service of notice is given by mail that they were entitled to ten days' notice wherefor the objection is overruled, and the assessment raised as per notice heretofore given.

R C Wilson and C D Lewis appeared before the Board in behalf of J D Lacey & Co and asked for the reduction of values on certain lands owned by said company. The Board after full hearing, and being fully advised of the properties and values, declined to reduce the values as prayed for.

The Board lowered the assessed valuation of the following described personal property:

Fred Harned, stock and saloon, $500 to $400.

R McDonald & Son, stock and saloon, $500 to $400.

F M Ackerly, stock of goods, $1200 to $600.

James Henrie, stock of goods, $450 to $400.

Seguin Drug Co, stock of goods, $420 to $300.

Rex Cedar & Fir Co, machinery, $3750 to $2000.

H J Hart, Imp on Gov Land, $250 to $225.

Sue A LaFolette, cow $40 to $20.

Casper Maxfield, horses (2 year olds) $60 to $30.

Casper Maxfield, horses (work horses) $360 to $300.

M E Maybury, horses, $300 to $200.

J C Potter, separator, $54 to $46.

Geo Tanner, Imp on Gov Land, $500 to $100.

The board adjourned to meet Saturday the 24th day of August 1907, at 9 a. m.

Saturday the 24th day of August 1907 at 9 a. m.

The board met pursuant to adjournment, present Commissioners Lauridsen and Bugge, Treasurer Pringle, Assessor Hickok and Auditor Hawkins

The following described personal property having been left off of the tax rolls, the board ordered that it be added to the rolls and assessed as follows:

J L Keeler, pool table assessed at 25.00

A Ahlvers, building on suburban lot 1 assessed at 100.00

Wait Bros., donkey engine assessed at 400.00.

Black Diamond Paint & Shingle Co., 150 M shingles assessed at 150.00.

G M Lauridsen, improvements on government land assessed at 225.00.

J S Maxfield, threshing machine assessed at 75.00.

Mrs. —— McDougall, household goods assessed at 50 00.

D R McLennan, improvements on government land assessed at 175.00.

McIvor & Swanson, stock assessed at 50 00

J R Smith, separator assessed at 25.00.

C W Thompson, separator assessed at 25.00.

Chas. Tillman, household goods assessed at 25.00.

Joe Brickley, improvements on government land assessed at 50.00.

The board transferred 100 00 assessed Louie Zaccardo on saloon and stock to A A Zaccardo.

The Board added 450.00 for improvements on section 29-31-8, the same formerly being the City of Port Crescent.

The Board ordered the exemptions allowed the following named persons on the tax rolls cancelled, to-wit: A F England, James Lawrenson Estate, Mrs. E. Metcalfe, A O'Brien, C E Pardue, Andrew Powell, Mrs Alice Raymond, Maria R Smith, and Isabe la Wolfe.

It appearing that J Youchinsky was the head of a family, the board ordered that he be allowed an exemption on the tax rolls.

The board transferred 150.00 assessed to the Port Angeles Abstract Co. to W. Brumfield.

The board added 75.00 for improvements on lot 14 block 34 townsite of Port Angeles.

The board lowered the improvements on lot 2 block 169 townsite of Port Angeles from 200.00 to 125.00.

The board cancelled 100.00 improvements on lot 1 block 231 townsite of Port Angeles.

The board lowered the improvements on lot 9 block 160 townsite of Port Angeles from 50.00 to 15 00.

The board reduced the valuation on the following described real estate as follows:

140 acres of the Abernethy Donation Claim in sec 36 31-4, assessed to W. T. Bowman, 2210.00 to 1610.00.

Ne ¼ sec 34-31-7, 1000 00 to 300.00.

S ½ nw ¼ sec 1-30-8, 850. to 400.00.

S ½ ne ¼ 2-30-8, 538 00 to 338 00.

Lots 2 and 3 and se ¼ nw ¼ and ne ¼ sw ¼ sec 30-30-11, 900.00 to 500.00.

Lots 1-2-3 and 4 and sw ¼ sw ¼ sec 5-32-13, 1250 00 to 1000.00

Lots 1-2-3-4 5 and 6 and n ½ se ¼ sec 6-32-13, 3100.00 to 2500.00.

Lots 2 3 and 4 and sw ¼ ne ¼ and se ¼ nw ¼ and ne ¼ sw ¼ sec 7 32-13, 1575.00 to 1075.00

Continued on page 8.

Often The Kidneys Are Weakened by Over-Work.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

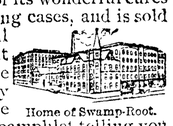
It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases, and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Recognized Leading Angeles Hotel for Commercial Men and Public Generally.

MERCHANTS HOTEL

E. E. DAY, PROPRIETOR

Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners, Luncheons, and Party Suppers.

Only Wholesale Liquor House in County in Connection. Phone 4. Goods Delivered Free in City. Mail Orders from County Patrons Given Prompt Attention.

The CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK

NO. 6074

OF PORT ANGELES, WASH.

C. J. FARMER, PRESIDENT W. F. DELABARRE, VICE-PRESIDENT

J. P CHRISTENSEN, CASHIER

Domestic and Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold

WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS

CASH MEAT MARKET

Pollow & Nichols, Proprietors.

Orders for anything in the line of fresh and salt meats and vegetables promptly filled with the best to be had.

Phone 17. Market next to Gray & Henderson's.

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.

The Best Cedar Shingles Made.

Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

McKEE & LaFLOWER

Funeral Directors and Embalmers

PHONES
LAFLOWER 108
McKEE 105
CITY OFFICE 7

LADY ATTENDANTS

C. F. MERRITT, Manager City Office

PHONES
Market 8. Residence 162-3

Schott Brothers

wholesale and retail dealers in

Fresh and Salt Meats

Poultry & Vegetables

Orders by Phone or the Children receive prompt attention and satisfaction is guaranteed

West Front St., Port Angeles

A.D. WOLVERTON

CARPENTER AND BUILDER

Band Sawing and Turning
Cresting and Porch work
Grilles Made to Order
Shop 7th & Oak Sts

A. D. WILLSON

Undertaker

AND

Embalmer

17 Years Practical Experience.

FIRST ST.

EAST OF LAUREL. PORT ANGELES

Bank of Clallam County

Established April, 1895

Transacts a General Banking Business

H. E. Lutz, President.
S. J. Lutz, Cashier.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

New ranges at Baker's; cheapset and best.

H. C. MILLER

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Lists Any Property for Sale or Rent.

PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON

For your outing

We have everything in the way of Fishing Tackle, including the best makes of Rods and Reels, at prices that will save you money.

Cameras of every size and style, both the Premo and the Kodak. Tripods, Developing Tanks, Lanterns, etc. Plates, Films, Film Packs, Chemicals and Papers.

Mathewson's Drug Store
Near Post Office
Phone 28 **Mail your Orders**

Vacation Time

Is a year round pleasure when you take a Kodak with you

We have a full line of Eastman's Kodaks, Films and Chemicals

Fishing Tackle

We can fit you out with anything in this line, also give you some good suggestions in your selections

TROLLING OUTFITS

For the Lakes a SPECIALTY

C. E. NAILOR & CO.

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Phone 41. Mail Orders Are Solicited.

If you are going to buy a dinner set, see Baker.

N. Burnes of East Clallam was an Angeles visitor Tuesday.

The first Teddy Bears to be shown in Angeles are on sale at Mrs. Goldwater's.

Mrs. Judge McClinton has been entertaining Mrs. Eisenbeis of Port Townsend the past week.

A new line of Royal Worcester Corsets now in. The corset that gives a stylish form to the figure.
Lucretia H. Peddicord.

"Economy" Fruit Jars, cost more, because they are better than other fruit jars. $1.00 the dozen for pints; $1.25 for qts. and $1.50 for ½ gals. At Seevers Cash Store.

If you want to buy, sell or trade see Baker.

T. S. BROPHY & CO.

Phone 33

For the Best of Everything in the Grocery Line go to T. S. Brophy & Co.

Opera House Block

Pay for the best and get it.

Bargains in all Summer Millinery at Miss Peddicord's.

"Summer Sausage" 25c the pound at Seevers Cash Store.

P. J. Williams was a Seattle visitor the first of the week.

Hugh Phelps is here from Seattle for a short visit with his family.

Mrs. F. E. Brown is here from Seattle for a stay with her daughter, Mrs. T. F. Trumbull.

Pollow & Nichols are now running their own delivery wagon in connection with their market.

"Barrington Hall" beats them all, the coffee line. Seevers sells it at 40c the pound, two pounds for 75c.

Mrs. Phebe Lyster, now Mrs. Richardson, and daughter left Saturday for their future home in Seattle.

Mrs. C. E. Cushing and family left Saturday for Seattle, where Chas. has engaged in the real estate business.

Muskett's arrival of wool sox at 2 for 25c. Come and see them before buying and see who is who, Muskett, or Who?

Mrs. A. E. Cox is here from Seattle for a two weeks stay, intending to investigate the Cox ranch back of Mt. Angeles, which is now subject to entry.

Just arrived at R. A. Muskett's, a very fine assortment of umbrellas, very fancy handles, priced at cost $1.00, to see who is who, Muskett, or Who?

H. Babcock returned Tuesday from Tacoma, where he had been making final arrangements to take up his duties as teacher in the Tacoma schools. He expects to move to his new field of labor shortly.

The Mountaineers ponies, sold at auction Saturday, brought fair prices considering lateness of the season. The club loses about fifteen dollars each on the eighteen, making a very low rental for their use for the two months.

On account of the saloon going into the Nelson building I am forced to move. After the first of the month I will be located in the Everett building, corner Front and Vine, where I shall be pleased to see all my customers. Miss Mary McClure.

Clothing to measure, fit guaranteed and making, the best.
Coast made for the coast trade.
JIM KFIGHT
The man on the corner. Front & Laurel. Port Angeles.

New Fall Goods are Arriving Daily

The Finest Line of Furniture We Have Ever Shown
Beautiful Designs and Superior Finish

Sideboards, Buffets, Dressers, Dining Tables and Dining Chairs, Iron Beds, Mattresses and Springs of every size and description. Rugs, Carpets, Linoleums and Oilcloths.

Plows and Harrows for Fall Work. All the Best Makes Carried in Stock.

Oliver Plows, J. I. Case Plows, Rock Island Plows, Syracuse Plows, Disc Harrows, Spring Tooth Harrows, Spike Tooth Harrows, steel frame, Scotch Harrows, etc.

R. D. Willson Hardware Co.

NEW STONE BUILDING

CITY NEWS

Baker & Son, phone 117.

Mrs. W. V. Moore is home from a visit in Seattle.

"Quaker" Corn Meal, 15c the pkg, Seevers Cash Store.

If you want the best sewing machine on earth see Baker.

"Pop Corn" Starch 10c, 3 for 25c, at Seevers Cash Store.

Miss Dye, sister of Mrs. Haswell, arrived Saturday for a visit here.

Mrs. Belle Miller visited her son Walter in Seattle, returning Saturday last.

Mr. Inbusch, of the steam laundry, returned Saturday from a business trip to Seattle.

House plants and cut flowers at the Angeles greenhouse, corner 10th and Lincoln. 24-4t

"Taganrok" The best Imoprted Macaroni, 20c or two for 35c at Seevers Cash Store.

A lady who has used only a Minnesota flour now says "Holly Flour is good enough for me."

Wednesday Miss Annette Trumbull returned from a short visit with relatives in Port Townsend.

Del Church returned Saturday from Seattle, having gone there to make final arrangements for the ball game last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Barnes, former owners of Piedmont Hotel, now of Seattle, arrived Saturday for a visit with friends.

For Sale.—Household furniture, including chairs, bric-a-brac, mahogany bedroom suite and piano, by A. C. Trebus, 6th and Lincoln.

R. H. Prickett of Quillayute came Saturday for a visit with his parents and brother J. P., as well as to look after some business matters.

Major Crooks, accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. W. S. Caldwell, arrived in Angeles Saturday last from Ballard to visit relatives.

Muskett has boys overalls at 25c, men's cotton sox at 5c, the best ever made at 10c. These prices will astonish you when you see them and you will know who is who, Muskett, or Who?

R. A. Muskett don't think he can give you any plainer talk than you can see on the front page of this paper. It explains everything, how you can buy cheap and the cause, to see who is who, Muskett, or Who?

Say, Mrs. Tomkins, where did you buy those blankets? Why I bought them from Muskett; paid him $1.15; they are 11-4. I priced the other stores; they wanted very much more for them, and then I found out there was a war on to see who is who, Muskett, or Who?

A farewell reception was tendered to Mrs. Thwing and her boys Tuesday evening at the Lincoln Heights church. A large number of friends gathered and a pleasant social evening was spent. After refreshments were served a set of orange spoons were presented to Mrs. Thwing in recognition of her services during the summer.

Prof. Knox, of Tacoma, will give an entertainment in the opera house Thursday evening, Sept. 5th, under the auspices of the Epworth League, for benefit of Puget Sound University. Prof. Knox is well known here, having visited our city on three previous occasions; he is assured of a good house. Reserved seats 35c, general admission 25c.

Mrs. Ella A. Ball and daughters arrived from Seattle last week Wednesday to make Angeles their future home; they are already pleasantly installed in the house vacated by Rev. Edwards. Miss Elsie M. Bell has been engaged as teacher in the High School and will have supervision of music in our public schools; Miss Alice M., who has been teaching music in Seattle, will organize a class here.

FOR RENT— 5 room house at 14th and Lincoln streets. Rent $6.00 per month. Seven lots with barn, wood shed, chicken house. Good water.
JIM KNIGHT
The man on the corner. Front & Laurel.

No guess work here. When such great masters as Rubenstein, Liszt, Wagner, Paderewski, Gabrilowitsch, Burmeister, etc., have pronounced our Pianos the best and most satisfying to cultured musical taste, you will doubtless feel safe in assuming those same Pianos will satisfy you. Sherman, Clay & Co., old Clallam Bank Bldg.

To the Ladies from Muskett.

Come right along and see what I have left in the dry goods line.

Ladies' Night Dresses	75c
" Underwear	8c
" Hose	8c
" Corsets	20c up
" Black underskirts	59c
" Umbrellas	35c up
" Aprons	15c
" Wool Dress Goods	25c up
Girls' Waterproofs, too low to quote.	
" Underwear	15c
" Hose	8c

Better wait and see Baker's new line of heaters before buying, at right prices.

Selling More Underwear Than We Ever Thought Possible.

There is hardly anyone who cannot afford to wear Munsing Underwear. It's the most economical as well as the most comfortable and satisfactory underwear that can be produced. Its durability and washability always commend it. It's fine enough in quality to please the most fastidious. It will wear. It's always perfect fitting. We carry a full line of Munsings; silk, wool and cotton underwear. Lady's, Misses and Children Union suits; and also, the two piece suits.

Our full line of new fall Hats are now on display, showing the very latest styles and modes of all kinds.

We carry in stock the Hawkeye skirt which shows a pleasing fit and guarantees satisfaction. Mrs. Phelps.

Full value allowed for an old stove in exchange for a new one at Bakers.

C. E. Hutchinson, the genial clerk in P. J. Williams Jewelry Store, is slowly convalescing from an attack of appendicitis.

"Fly-O-Curo," the great fly chaser, 50c the can at Seevers Cash Store.

Chris Storm is in from the Hot Springs today. He reports a larger number than ever at the springs this season for baths.

Some remarks are passed about my window tickets. I want to tell you I am not selling tickets, but the goods, and can't afford to have a professional make tickets and sell at the prices I am selling on to see who is who, Muskett or Who?

Henry Siebenbaum, a Victoria merchant, and another gentleman, who were visiting at the Hot Springs, became lost in the dense timber of that region on Tuesday of last week, finally making their way down river till they struck a road, coming out at East Clallam Saturday. Meanwhile the people at the springs, fearing they might be hopelessly lost, were putting forth every endeavor to find them.

The social of the Lincoln Heights Church last Friday evening was a splendid success. The large number present showed the interest taken and the program proved that the people of Port Angeles are not without talent. The desired result was obtained, sufficient funds being received to paper the church. Thanks are due to Messrs. Johnson & Bork for their courtesy in making reasonable terms.

John S. Chambers, who has been a great sufferer from rheumatism, passed away at the Port Angeles Hospital Wednesday at 5 p. m. Death to him came as a welcome relief after long suffering. He leaves a wife, living at Centralia with their son John, and two daughters, Mrs. J. R. Chambers of Chicago, Mrs. Wm. Smith of this city; three brothers, Benjaman of Chicago, Clark of Owatonna, Minn., and Frank of this city; Peter Chambers and Mrs. E. S. Derickson being cousins.

J. A. McCartney a former resident of this city, but now a grocer of Hillman City, arrived Wenzday to look after his property and to enjoy a vacation. He still has faith in the future of Angeles as he states he is looking for more holdings.

LANTERNS! LANTERNS! LANTERNS!
For your lanterns see H. Gutenberg & Co. as we have a large assortment to select from.

SEPTEMBER FIRST

Is about the time of the year that we are looking to the comforts of the home. If you are looking for a good heater it would be wise to see H. Gutenberg & Co. as they carry the largest and nicest line of heaters in Clallam County, ranging in price from $1.50 to $25. Their line consists of coal and wood heaters of the very latest designs and makes.

The ranges they carry in stock are of 12 different makes, ranging in price from $35.00 to $55.

Cook stoves from $9.00 to $25.00 for the very best makes.

Just received a large shipment of decorated glassware and fancy dishes of all kinds which will be placed on sale in a few days. See
H. Gutenberg & Co's. Hardware and Furniture Store.

My Specialty— Quality, then Price.

"Standard"

Trade Mark

A shirt that is all that a shirt should be, full measure in the neck, long enough in the body so it will not curl up, and the best grade of goods that can be produced for the money.

My next new shirt shall be a "Standard" from

JIM KNIGHT
FOR MEN'S WEAR
Cor. Front and Laurel Sts., Port Angeles

Your orders are always appreciated

A Chance

For our customers only

For several seasons we have formed an idea as to how many peaches our patrons wanted for canning purposes.

It amounts to about 200 cases.

We want our patrons to let us know if they wish any at about 80c or 85c a box.

We watch the market and buy low.

Remember this custom originated with

E. W. MERRILL & CO.

Phone 5

CHURCH SERVICES

First M. E. Church, G. H. Simons pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m., C. E. Fulmer, Supt. Preaching at 11; class meeting 11:55 Epworth League 7 p. m. Preaching at 8. Thirty minutes song service by the chorus class. Everybody welcome.

St. Andrew's Church.—Sunday, 18th. 8 a. m., Holy Communion; 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., Morning Prayer and Litany. No evening service.

St. John's Lutheran.—English services Sunday evening at 8 o'clock; Sunday school at 10 o'clock. All are welcome. Rev. Wm. C. Drahn, pastor.

BLUE MOUNTAIN

Horace Williston is enjoying country life at Mr. Kale's, having accompanied Miss Viola home.

Saturday evening there will be a basket social at the Blue Mountain school house.

Our school closed Friday with a picnic. Miss Johnson, who has given universal satisfaction, returns at once to Lawrence to resume work in the graded schools at that place.

Mr. Albert Kale is moving his family to Angeles to secure better school advantages.

Miss Flora Macgill came out for a short visit with Mrs. J. E. Campbell.

Dan Jackson is hauling lumber for that new house.

The Elk Mill Company continues to make improvements. Last week they loaded a boat with shingles from their new dock. They will soon add planed lumber and flooring to their products.

How many more times are you going to say "Next year" whenever the wife or daughter raises the piano question? Do them justice, have a talk with us and you will find but a very small effort is required to place one of the finest artistic pianos in your home today. Sherman, Clay & Co., old Clallam County Bank building.

Peter Hafsmo, an employe of the Port Crescent logging camp, was killed by a falling stub Wednesday; funeral services at McKee & LaFlower's chapel on Saturday, Rev. Simons officiating.

Mrs. John Trumbull and daughter Miss Helen are visiting in Seattle this week.

REV. ROGERS TO HAVE CO-WORKER

Rev. E. M. Rogers expects to be joined, this week, by the Rev. James Henderson of Boston, who will be his co-worker in this field. Rev. Henderson graduated from Trinity College, Hartford, where the gentlemen were classmates, in 1902. He then taught two years in the Holiness School for boys, afterwards taking the Divinity Course at Berkeley Divinity School, Middleton, Conn., and being ordained a deacon last June.

Rev. Henderson's work will be largely at Seguin and vicinity. Rev. Rogers will hold services each Sunday afternoon at Elwha and evening at Port Crescent; once each month he will take a trip to the west end of the county. There will be no Sunday evening services in St. Andrew's church hereafter. The gentlemen will room together in the McDougall house on Laurel street.

COUGAR SHOT AT GEYSER VALLEY

Mr. Pierson, a Seattle gentleman spending the summer at the Humes ranch, Geyser Valley, shot a 7-foot cougar in the valley just below the house, last Wednesday. Mr. Pierson was on his way to Wm. Anderson's when he found a cow with her cheeks and ears torn, standing over her dead calf; putting dogs on the trail, the cougar was soon driven up a tree and killed. Grant Humes says they are very rarely seen in the valley and that, while partly eaten deer are occasionally found, this instance is the first known of their killing stock.

PURCHASED PALACE OF SWEETS

Lyman McDonald and Oscar Graham this week bought the Goldwater Bros. ice cream and confectionery store on Front street. Both of these young men are wide awake and progressive, and, withal, popular in the community, and will make a success of the business.

Manny Goldwater has accepted a position in Everett for the winter, while Ben will visit friends in Frisco. We are not advised of their plans for next spring, but trust that they may continue to find something for willing hands to do right here in Angeles.

FISHING BRINGS MANY CAMPERS

Fourteen hundred fish trolling with spoon and line in one day is going some! This was the record for Angeles sportsmen last Saturday along the spit. "I have lived!" exclaimed Kipling when he hooked his first salmon; how much more has he "lived" who has taken the gamey salmon by the hundreds of pounds in a single day! At the low estimate of ten pounds per fish, (we saw one fisherman on the water front with a 40-pound Tyee) we have 14,000 pounds; fourteen cents each, the cannery price gives a total of $196; no fisherman's ill luck in that! Who will say that climate and scenery are the only resources of Port Angeles.

DANCE SATURDAY AT THE RINK

The dancing public have been enjoying a rare treat since the skating rink has closed and they have been permitted to dance on this elegant floor. The orchestra announces another dance for Saturday night, and it is needless to say the crowd will be as large as usual.

The sternwheeler Altona, in tow from Portland to Catalla, Alaska, is in the harbor this week.

You take no chances in ordering Holly Flour. Call up No. 5; they will send you a sack to try; you will not return it.

R. A. Muskett very much regrets being sold out of those blankets, thus disappointing so many ladies. He expects a fresh lot any day to sell at cost to see who is who, Muskett, or who?

We take this method of extending our thanks to the public, generally, for their most liberal patronage. We shall always have a kindly remembrance of you and your liberality towards us while we were in business in Angeles. Goldwater Bros.

The Angelus Inner Player is the latest and best of all Self Playing Instruments—the ideal entertainer—almost human in artistic execution; any lady can play it; can be changed instantly into an ordinary hand player. On easy terms. Sherman Clay Co., old Clallam Bk. Bld.

The Palace of Sweets

McDonald and Graham
Successors to Goldwater Brothers

Greatest variety and best quality of chocolates, candies, fruits and nuts in the city. Ice cream sodas.
Phone 3

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

Floods in central Japan have done millions of dollars damage.

Seventy per cent of the city of Hakodate has been destroyed by fire.

The battleship Temarac, the third of the Dreadnaught class, has been launched at Devenport, England.

Secretary Garfield has returned to Washington after a two months inspection of public lands in the West.

The comptroller of the currency has called for a statement of the condition of national banks at the close of business on August 22.

The Russian and Japanese governments have agreed to raise their respective legations at Tokyo and St. Petersburg to the rank of embassies.

Charles Murphy, Tammany leader, has sent President Small word that Tammany would contribute $1,000 every week to the striking telegraphers.

Despairing of the ability of the Cuban municipalities to keep cities in a clean and sanitary condition, Gov. Magoon has signed a decree placing the sanitary under control of the central government.

The gunboat Albany has sailed for Acapulco to relieve the cruiser Milwaukee of the task of watching American interests in Central America. The Milwaukee has been there six months and the crew needs a change

If present plans are caried out a subcommittee of the committee on appropriations of the next congress will go to the isthmus of Panama in November to investigate Secretary Taft's canal estimates for the next year.

Bozeman, Mont., last week held a sweet pea carnival.

Building operations at Goldfield are at a stndstill on account of a lockout caused by the strike of plumbers.

Mrs. Thomas F. Ryan, wife of the New York financier, has had the title of countess conferred upon her by Pope Pius X.

The entire block at Hunt street and Broadway, Cincinnati, was destroyed by fire last week, entailing a loss of $1,000,000.

The report of the quarermaster general just issued shows that the cost of maintenance of the Cuban pacification army during the fiscal year of 1907 was over $2,000,000.

The attorney general of Texas has begun suit against the International Harvester Company for damages of $1,110,000, alleging violation of the Texas anti-trust law.

Suit has been brought at Redding, Cal., against the Guggenheim interests to determsine the ownership of the Gollusky oopper mine now being developed near Kennett, Cal.

The authorities at Berlin have prohibited the sale of Upton Sinclair's book, entitled "The Industrial Republic." The action was taken in pursuance of the law relating to insults to the German emperor.

The cotton mills at Lowell, Mass., have shut down for two weeks to enable 15,000 employes to enjoy a real vacation. It is the first time in the history of the city that the mills have closed down during a period of prosperity.

Oil Company to Enter Mexico

New York, Aug. 27.—Arrangements have been completed for the organization of a $50,000,000 American syndicate, according to the anouncement published yesterday. The syndicate plans to develop several million acres of Mexican oil lands. It is proposed to ship the product to Central and South America, Europe and Africa. The syndicate will take over the Mexican Petroleum Company, which was organized in California in 1902 and owns approximately a million acres of land in the states of Caxis, Tamulpis, Vera Cruz and an Luis Potosi. Several gushers are already on the property.

Raisuli Defeats Sultan

Washingotn, Aug. 24.—The state department has been informed by cable that Bandit Raisuli has completely defeated a large force of the sultan's troops sent against him in an effort to secure the release of Caid Sir Henry McLean. The cable also contains the information that the city of Alcazar is in great danger of falling into the hands of the followers of Raisuli.

Millions In the Banks

Seattle, Aug. 28.—Deposits in Seattle banks, as compiled by John E. Price, banker and broker, reach the unprecedented total of $69,135,429.72. This is an increase of nearly $8,000,000 over the total of the preceding showing and shows a gain of more than 40 per cent in the past fourteen months.

Turn Panther into Repair Ship

New York, Aug. 27.—Transforming the auxiliary cruiser Panther into a repair ship to accompany the Atlantic fleet to the Pacific has begun. The Panther is to have a complete forging room, foundry and machine shop.

Washington News

First, Second and Third avenues, Seattle, are to be lighted with cluster lights.

Chehalis has begun paving streets. Contracts have been let to the extent of $46,000.

The annual convention of the state W. C. T. U. will be held at Mt. Vernon September 20 to 24, inclusive.

The shingle weavers of the state are preparing for a long struggle with the mill owners over the closed shop policy.

The Everett Improvement Company will soon begin the construction of an electric line between Snohomish and Fall City.

A clam cannery, to be known as the Ocean Beach Packing Company, has been built at Westport, and will open for business in a few days.

Edward Stenger, a graduate of the Bellinghiam high school, has been elected instructor in geology and mineralogy in the University of California.

Fifteen hundred yards of rock at the entrance of Roche Harbor will be moved shortly, work beginning next week under the supervision of Maj. Chittenden.

The acting secretary of the interior has directed the withdrawal for the Yakima irrigation project of a strip of land around Bumping lake, one mile in width from the normal high water line of the lake. The land is already included in the forest reserve.

Chesaw is to have a telephone system.

LaConner has a new chemical fire engine.

A new high school building is to be erected at Chesaw.

County superintendents of the state are in annual sesssion at Olympia this week.

The run of humpback salmon in Sound waters is unprecedented this season.

Grocers of the state will meet in annual convention at Seattle September 18 and 19.

The order of Knights of Khorassan have selected Seattle as the place of meeting in 1909.

The new Y. M. C. A. building at Walla Walla will be turned over to the association about September 1.

Because of the slump in the price of lead there has been a decrease in dividends of mines operating in the Coeur d'Alenes for the quarter just ended.

A. E. Berg, of the Second Washington regiment, won the president's match at Camp Perry, Ohio, last week and thereby also won the individual rifle shooting championship of America.

SAILING DATE FOR FLEET ANNOUNCED

New York, Aug. 24.—Secretary Loeb has announced that a fleet of sixteen battleships will start for the Pacific some time in December via the Straits of Magellan, touching at San Francisco and also probably Puget sound. The destroyer flotilla will leave for the Pacific coast about the same time, but will not accompany the batleships.

Increase in Scout Force

Washington, Aug. 26.—Inquiry at the war department on the report from Japan that the authorities plan to increase the troops in the Philippines by the addition of thirteen regiments of natives, shows that the story originated in a recommendation of Gen. Mills of the department of Vizayas, that the scout force be increased to 50 companies. The recommendation is due to a desire to reduce expenses, natives costing less than American soldiers.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT

Purchasing Prices.

The followiong prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seatle, and are subject to change without notice.:

Grain—Oats, $22@24 per ton; barley, $20@21.50; wheat, chicken feed, $28@29; bran, $17@18; shorts, $19 @21; corn, $25@26.

Hay—Eastern Washington, $16@17; Puget Sound $12@13; alfalfa, $11.50

Eggs—Strictly fresh ranch, 31@32c.

Poultry—Live hens, 15c per lb; old roosters, 16c; spring chickens, 17c.

Wool—Eastern Washiington 15@ 18c per lb; Western Washington, 21@22c; dirty or timber stained, 12 @12½c.

Live Stock—Sheep, wethers, 6@ 6½c per lb; ewes, 5 @6c; lambs, 6@6½c; Hogs, 4@4½c; Cattle, steers, 5½c ; cows, 4½c; calves, 5@6c.

Tacoma Quotations.

Wheat—Club, 79½c bluestem, 81 red, 79½c.

Oats — 29.50$@31; rolled oats $31.50@33.

Hay, Alfalfa, Etc.—Wheat hay, $18 @21; timothy, $25@$26; mixed, $15 @20; clover, $21@23; alfalfa, $13 @14.

Feed—Corn, $31; wheat, $31; barley, whole grain, $25; rolled, $25@26; shorts, $21@22; bran, $20 @21.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 23c; chickens, dressed, 19c; ducks, dressed 19c; geese, dressed, 18c. Live—Hens 13@14c; ducks, 11c; geese, 12½c.

Butter—Washington creamery, 32@33; fresh Eastern 27

Eggs—Washington ranch 31.

PERMANENT COURT

AMERICAN PROPOSITION ACCEPTED BY LEADING POWERS.

Formal Discussion Set for August 28---Articles Provide for an International High Court of Justice, Easily Accessible and Free of Charge.

The Hague, Aug. 24—The American proposition for the establishment of a permanent court of arbitration has been accepted in agreement with Germany and Great Britain and will come up for discussion August 28. It consists of 26 articles.

The first article records the desire of the signatory powers "to organize an international high court of justice, easily accessible and free of charge, with judges representing the various systems of laws of the world, and capable of insuring a continuation of arbitration by jurisprudence.

The second provides that the judges must be "juris consults of known competence in international law, selected so far as possible from the members of the permanent court of arbitration."

According to the third and fourth articles the judges are appointed for terms of twelve years and will enjoy diplomatic privileges and immunity while exercising their functions.

Article five provides that the courts hall consist of seventeen judges, nine forming ia quorum.

Article six allots the appointments to the various nations.

Article seven provides that the high court yearly shall appoint three judges, with three substitutes, constituting a special tribunal which can, if necessary, try cases elsewhere than at The Hague.

President to Be Elected

Article eight says that the president of the court shall be elected every three years by a majority of the court.

Article nine deals with the payment of the judges. The amounts are not fixed, but the proposal contemplates a fixed yearly salary besides special remuneration when engaged in cases, and traveling expenses.

Article ten forbids judges from receiving remuneration from their own and other countries for services in connection with the high court.

Article eleven says that the court shall sit at The Hague except in cases of force majeure and the special instance provided in article seven.

Articles twelve and thirteen deal with secretarial matters.

Article fourteen states that the high court shall sit once or twice yearly, in July and January.

Articles fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen relate to cases which the court is competent to try.

Article nineteen provides that each party shall have its own judges to participate in trials of cases submitted to the court. If a special tribunal acts as a commission of inquiry even a person not connected with the court can participate in the trial.

Articles twenty, twenty-one and twenty-two deal with the court procedure and the calling of witnesses.

Articles twenty-three and twenty-four empower the court to establish its own rules.

Article twenty-five proposes the ratification of the convention at The Hague as quickly as possible.

Article twenty-six proposes to establish the duration of the convention, but the term is not yet fixed. Any signatory power is entitled to denounce the convention by notifying the Dutch government two years before the expiring of such period, but the convention remains intact to other powers.

The special commission which has been examining the proposition to establish a supreme international prize court has approved the project drafted by the United States, Great Britain, Germany and France by ten to two votes.

To Curtail Powers of Lords

London, Aug. 26.—That it is the intention of the government to force the curtailing of the power of the house of lords to an issue was disclosed by speeches made Saturday in various cities. Half a dozen prominent members of the Liberal party all emphasized that the claim of the lords to equal legislative rights was the most serious political question of the day. Winston Churchill said bills rejected by the lords would be repassed by the commons until the time came to appeal to the country.

More Pay in Army and Navy

Washington, Aug. 2.—A joint board composd of Acting Secrtary Newberry, of the navy; Gen. Ainsworth, of the army, and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Beekman Winthrop, has completed a bill recommending congress to provide for a general increase in the pay of officers and men of the navy, army and revenue cutter service. The bill provides for increases ranging from 10 per cent in the highest grades up to 25 per cent in the lowest.

Russian Newspapers Suspend

St. Petersburg, Aug. 24.—The restrictive measures and frequent heavy fines imposed upon Russian newspapers during the past two months have had a ruinous effect on the provincial press. Fully a third of the newspapers of the provinces have stopped publication, and the official news agency has lost half of its subscribers.

GO TO LEARN ABOUT TRUSTS

Railway Commission Men Sent as Delegates From Washington.

Olympia, Wash., Aug. 26.—Gov. Mead has appointed H. A. Fairchild, J. C. Lawrence and Jesse S. Jones members of the state railroad commission, as three of the delegates to represent the state of Washington at the conference on combinations and trusts of the National Civic Federation on October 22 at Chicago.

Several matters of importance to the members of the railroad commission will be discussed at this conference, notably the subject of railroad pooling maximum rates and the relations between state railroad commissions and the interstate commerce commission. Men of national reputation will attend the conference and take part in the discussions, delegates being appointed by President Roosevelt and governors of the various states and by commercial organiaztions.

The members of the Washington Railroad commission will be in attendance at the meeting of the National Association of Railroad Commissioners at Washington the second week in October and will probably remain over for the conference on combinations and trusts at Chicago before returning home.

MOTOR AIRSHIPS TO BE USED

Prophesies That They Will Be In General Use in Ten Years.

Berlin, Aug. 26.—Capt. Pustan, the famous German naval expert, in an interview a few days ago, prophesied that motor air ships will, within ten years, come into general use, not only for military, but also for sporting and other purposes.

"We must realize," said the captain, "that the atmosphere, like the great ocean, offers us innumerable routes of travel. Who, in the future, will invest his money in the construction of cable railroads and incline railroads, up mountains, when it will be possible to reach the most elevated points more rapidly and safely by means of airships?

"There can be no doubt that sportsmen, scientific men, and enterprising capitalists of all countries will devote their energies to the application of aerial navigation to their repsective purposes. When a few improvements have been introduced in airships, they will be serviceable as a means of transport, and will certainly be preferred by the majority of travelers to noisy and dusty railroad trains."

LINK IS ADDED TO INTERURBAN CHAIN

Tacoma, Aug. 26.—Stone & Webster have made another important move toward the accomplishment of their plan for the construction of a chain of interurban electric lines to reach from Grays Harbor through Tacoma and Seattle to Bellingham and Everett, by the purchase of the street railway system of Everett. The lines include a suburban railway between Everett and Snohomish.

The purchase of the Everett railway is effective September 1, when the new owners will take active control. It was made in the name of the Puget Sound International Railway Company, a Stone & Webster corporation organized for the construction of the network of electric lines in contemplation.

CHICAGO & ALTON SOLD SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS

New York, Aug. 24.—The Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad Company has acquired control of the Chicago and Alton railroad, according to an announcement made yesterday. The acquisition is subject to conditions which will not be made public for a few days. While the negotiations are closed, the change of ownership will not occur, it is said, until the Hawley interests are definitely assured that the government does not intend to fine theA lton $29,000,000 in connection with the Standard Oil rebating case.

Wellman Reported Ready to Start

Paris, Aug. 26—A dispatch has been received here from Tromsoe, Norway, which says it is reported that Walter Wellman, of the Chicago Record-Herald polar expedition is about to leave Spitzbergen in his attempt to reach the north pole by means of a balloon. The Wellman balloon was successfully inafited early in August and a trial trip with which Mr. Wellman was well satisfied was made about a week ago.

Three Months for Contempt

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—Emil Zimmer, auditor of the Pacific States Telephone Company, was found guilty on the charge of contempt of court, and sentenced to serve three months imprisonment in the county jail as his punishment for refusing to answer a direct question in Judge Lawler's court while the trial of Louis Glass, charged with bribery, was in progress. An appeal was taken from the sentence.

Million Dollar Opera House

Chicago, Aug. 27.—Oscar Hammerstein will build in Chicago a home of grand opera at a cost of over one million dollars. Steps were taken yesterday to secure a site. If the location can be acquired without delay construction will proceed immediately. Hammerstein wants it ready for opening next fall.

LIMIT ON JAPANESE

THE DOMINION GOVERNMENT RESTRICTS IMMIGRATION.

Only Five Hundred of Mikado's Subjects Will Be Allowed to Enter Canada Annually, According to Announcement From Ottawa.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 27.—Hereafter no more than 500 Japanese a year will be permitted to land in Canada. This is the announcement that comes from Ottawa.

For some time past the Canadian and Japanese governments have been negotiating regarding the restriction of immigration from Japan. Canada asked that Japan agree to supervise the departure of her subjects for Canada and permit only a limited number to embark for that country. Japan has now agreed and fixed the maximum nubmer of immigrants at 500 annually---rather less than have arrived on one ship in the past.

Furthermore, in the 500 are to be counted all who come by way of the Hawaiian islands.

MINERS' WAGES RAISED; COAL PRICES TO ADVANCE

Seattle, Aug. 27.—According to the Morning Times coal miners will receive an average increase of wages amounting to 15 per cent; the operators will recognize the United Mine Workers of America; the price of powder, supplied by operators, will be reduced to contract miners; house rent and fuel will be unchanged and a number of small operating conditions will be regulated to suit the miners. This is the result of a month's conference between coal miners of the Northwest and the operators. The United Mine Workers will meet the operators tomorrow to sign a wage scale that will be effective for the next year.

Through all the negotiations between the operators and miners, the Pacific Coast Company, the larges coal producing company on the Coast, has had great quantities of coal afloat en route to this coast which would supply all the requirements of that corporation for many months, so that it could have closed its collieries without fear of interruption of its business

Yesterday's agreement upon a wage schedule lifts the possibility of a strike, but it means that coal prices all over the Pacific coast will be increased. The cost of production is advanced by the terms made with the union 20 per cent. The average wage increase is but 15 per cent, but at the same time the production is decreased and mine efficiency falls off.

NATIONAL CITY BANK HAS BRANCH AT SEATTLE

Seattle, Aug. 24.—Another million dollar bank will be provided for Seattle immediately. The capital and surplus of the Seattle National, now figured at $500,000, will be increased to $1,000,000 through te sale of an interest in the bank to financiers closely identified with the National City Bank of New York, the Standard Oil bank. At a meeting of the directors of the Seattle National during the week it was voted unanimously to increase the capital stock from $300,000 to $500,000 and the ssurplus from $200,000 to an even half million. A proposal that the National City Bank buy an interest in the local institution was accepted and the additional $200,000 capitalization will be taken by the New York institution at the rate of $220 a share. This sale adds $400,000 to the stock and surplus of the bank. Legal papers are now in preparation to complete the change

Chapin Will Retire

Herman Chapin, vice president of the bank will retire and Bert Clark, for fifteen years identified with the National City Bank, will come here as vice president of the Seattle National

With the acquisition of the stock in the Seattle National, the National City Bank of New York is now interested in National banks in Washington, D. C., Sacramento, Cal., and Seattle. The investment in this city is regarded by financiers as a step toward greater activity in the Northwest on the part of the great financial interests behind the New York bank, which is the richest and most powerful in this country.

Irish Tenant Bill Passed

London, Aug. 28.—The Irish evicted tenant bill finally passed both houses of parliament last evening in what Chief Secretary for Birrell called an emasculated form. The principal amendments inserted by the house of lords deprive the commissioners of the power of turning out the present holders of farms for the purpose of reinstating evicted tenants.

Noted Packer Passes On

Chicago, Aug. 28.—Nelson Morris, head of the great packing concern bearing his name, died yesterday. Mr. Morris was a native of Germany and landed in Philadelphia penniless. He later came to Chicago and worked as a laborer in the stockyards. He has been a leading packer since 1882.

CIVIC FEDERATION MEETING

Session to Be Held at Chicago Late in October.

Olympia, Aug. 23.—The governor is in receipt of an announcement that a conference on combinations and trusts will be held under the auspices of the Civic Federation in Chicago, on October 22, 23, 24 and 25.

The conference will assume a national character, and it is expected that every state in the Union will be represented. The topics for discussion are government power over corporations engaged in interstate commerce; the division of power under the constitution between the nation and the state; power concurrent in nation and state; how should the corporation be constructed; should there be national corporations as well as state; the basis of capitalization of corporations; their internal control; provisions looking to the protection of investors and stockholders, as well as fair dealing with the public; distinction between public service and other corporations; the just and practicable limits of the restriction and regulation, federal and state, of combinations in transportation, distribution and labor.

Members of the interstate commerce commission and of the committee on interstate commerce of the senate and house will take part. Delegates will also be named by various national organizations, including the American Federation of Labor, the National Grange, the American Publishers' Association, the American Bar Association and similar organizations. The governor has announced that he will be pleased to appoint persons who may wish to attend the conference as delegates from this state.

SEED FOR UNCLE SAM

Timothy for Use of Government Being Threshed at Pullman.

Pullman, Wash., Aug. 26.—Few people know that the government department of agriculture at Washington, D. C., is securing seeds from Pullman for distribution throughout the United States, but such is the case, and threshing of timothy for this purpose is now in progress. J. W. Evans, the government employe in charge of the work, is now here and is engaged in threshing timothy from the farm of J. S. Klemgard, eight miles southwest of town.

The timothy is hauled to the Washington State college, where it is threshed and the seed will be sent to Washington for distribution. A new kind of timothy, which is thought to be an improvement over the common variety, is now being threshed. Next year it is likely seeds of various kinds, especially grass seeds, will be grown near Pullman in large quantities, for government experts, who have been here investigating conditions, declare no part of the United Sattes is better adapted to raising grass seeds than the Palouse country.

GRANGERS BOYCOTT INTERSTATE FAIR

Spokane, Aug. 27.—Because the interstate fair will have pool selling this season, the city council having decided to allow it for this year, the Washington State Grange will not have anything to do with the fair.

C. B. Kegley has just given the final answer to the fair management. The fair management offered to give the grange two days, but Kegley says no attention will be paid to the offer.

At Latah, Wash., a few evenings since, at the Meathodist church, a resolution was read and adopted condemning the fair management. The members of the congregation pledged themselves not to attend the fair on account of the pool selling.

GOVERNMENT ORGAN COMMENTS ON BIG FINE

Caracas, Aug. 27—El Constitutional, the government organ, commenting on the $5,000,000 fine assessed against the New York and Bermudez Asphalt Company for complicity in the Mates rebellion, after stating that the evidence against the company was taken mostly from the records of cases tried in the United States, says editorially:

"It now remains to be seen if the state department of America will again convert itself into the protector, defender and tutor of adventurers who have confessed their guilt and who are legitimately classified by the legislatures of all civilized nations, including the United States, in which country there abound sentences perfectly analagous to that now pronounced against the guilty company by the Venezuela court."

May Create Deficiency

Washington, Aug. 24.—Acting Secretary of War Oliver has decided that the president is authorized to grant the request of the Isthmian canal commission for permission to create a deficiency of $8,000,000 to meet the requirements of an enlarged scale of operations.

Teamsters Refuse Compromise

Chicago, Aug. 27.—A compromise offer of an advance in wages made by the packing firms at the stockyards here to their teamsters was rejected by the latter and the firms were given 24 hours to make further concessions.

One of the doctors rises up to say that green apples never hurt anybody. We knew a boy once who while trying to get green apples fell out of a tree and was nearly killed.

MAY EXTEND SCOPE

BROKER OPERATORS LIKELY TO BE CALLED OUT.

President Small Says All Business that Refuses Demands Will Be Tied Up---Million to Be Devoted to Government Ownership Campaign.

New York, Aug. 28.—From yesterday's developments in the telegraphers strike it is very likely that the telegraphers in the brokers' offices in the financial district will be called out within a few days, and the strike will be extended to that branch of the telegraph business, which has thus far not been badly affected.

A telergam has been received by President Small, of the telegraphers' union, from broker operators in the South and West, which has altered the situation considerably.

The telegram complained that the quotations from New York, Chicago and New Orleans were being handled by "scab" operators over "scab" wires and urging that every broker's telegrapher in the country be called out. A meeting has been called of this class of operators and the situation will be discussed. President Small said some decisive action would surely be taken.

Small Is Confident

Between 600 and 1,000 operators assembled in Everett hall yesterday afternoon and cheered the reports that were read to them from all parts of the country. President Small made the principal address. In it he said:

"If we stand by that word "stick" they will be stuck. Everything is in excellent shape and before many days more we will tie up every broker's office in the country, tie up the Standard Oil Company and every business that refuses to consider our demands. This is not a boast or a threat, but a plain statement of what we know we can do now."

President Small announced that he was thoroughly in touch with the general strike situation and the company officials were weakening. Of the Western Union surplus of $13,000,000 he said at least $8,000,000 had already been epxended in the fight and that if the strike lasts another two weeks the company will not be able to pay the guaranteed dividends on acqired property.

Gould to Direct Fight

It is reported that George J. Gould has left Europe for the United States to direct the company's fight.

It was announced after the regular daily meeting of the strikers that $1,000,000 of the $2,000,000 fund to be raised by the strikers would be devoted to bringing about government ownership of telegraph companies.

It was also announced that the union had 150 telegrams now in its possession which had been sent by mail. One of them was a message sent by a broker from Seattle and had been seven days in the mails.

PRESIDENT IS ASKED TO STOP THE STRIKE

Chicago, Aug. 28.—Chicago business men want President Roosevelt to intervene to bring an end to the telegraph strike. Petitions to this effect are being circulated.

Losses to Chicago's commercial world, said to amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars, form the basis of the appeal to the nation's executive.

One petition was set in circulation among South Water street merchants and another was sent out in La Salle street to receive the signatures of the board of trade. The La Salle street petition was launched without the formal sanction of the directors of the board of trade, whose officers recently addressed a letter to President Rosevelt asking that he intercede to stop the strike.

No reply to President Sager's letter has been received from Oyster Bay.

The South Water street plea was couched in language which contradicts statements issued from time to time from the main offices of the telegraph companies, both Western Union and Postal, declaring the strike is no longer a detriment to the service furnished business houses and the public generally. It reads:

"We, the undersigned business men of South Water street, Chicago, on account of our continued great losses in business, owing to the lack of effective telegraph service, are compelled to appeal to the president for intervention or action of some kind that will bring about a settlement of the present difficulty between the Postal and Western Union companies and their employes. A continuance of the present strike only means growing losses to us. Telegraph officials positively refuse to have any dealings with the peace committee selected by the striking operators."

Socialists Oppose War

Stuttgart, Germany, Aug. 26.—The international socialist congress has ended. Resolutions were adopted condemning armaments both of land and sea. Should war threaten, the congress is to bring all pressure to prevent; shsould hostilities begin, to exert every influence to stop; then to take advantage of succeeding conditions to overthrow capital. It was decliared that the best method of gaining universal peace is in educating the youth in socialistic ideas.

WORK OF NEW RATE LAW

Many Decisions Have Been Rendered During First Year.

Washington, Aug. 26.—Rate regulation under the present interstate commerce law will be a year old next Wednesday, and some interesting facts are to be told on the eve of its first anniversary. During the year there have been filed with the interstate Commerce Commission 353 formal complaints. A great majority of these alleged unjust rates, while the remainder sought to do away with switching charges and alleged discriminations.

Ninety-one actual decisions have been rendered on complaints during the year. In 47 cases charges have been sustained, 42 have been dismissed and two set for rehearing. Most of the cases had to do with rates between certain points or cLarges on certain shipments or classification of freight. In most of the cases where the complaints were not dismissed, therefore, "just and reasonable maximum rates" were established. It would be impossible to give figures on the actual far- reaching effect of the maximums thus fixed.

STATE IS ENJOINED BY FEDERAL COURT

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 28.—In the United States circuit crourt yesterday Judge Pritchard, in an opinion in the rate case of the Southern Railway against the Corporate Commission and Attorney General of North Carolina, upholds the judgment of his court in the issuance of the recent injunctions against officials and declares that the suit is not one against the state within the meaning of the eleventh amendment to the Federal constitution. Judge Pritchard says:

"It is inconceivable that a circuit court of the United States in the exercise of its jurisdiction should be powerless to afford a remedy to one who seeks to assert a right which is guaranteed by the constitution of the United States. This is in no sense a suit against the state, nor can it be successfully contended the state is in any wise a party in interest in so far as the merits of the controversy are in uestion.

"It cannot be reasonably insisted that this is a suit to prevent a state from enforcing any right which it possesses, nor can it be a suit to compel the performance of an obligation to the state, nor does it in any way involve a matter in which the state has a pecuniary interest, the partes in interest being complainant on the one side and the traveling public on the other.

Therefore, the questions submitted are not such as to warrant assumption that this court is without jurisdiction, and a careful study of the circum stances of the eleventh amendment, as well as the end to be obtained by the adoption of the same, show conclusively that those who were responsible for its adoption never dreamed that it could be used as a means of depriving an American citizen of a substantial right."

JAPANESE OFFICIAL BRINGS OLIVE BRANCH

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 28.—K. Ishii, director of the bureau of commerce of the department of foreign affairs of Japan, was last night the guest of honor at a banquet at which Mayor Harper and other prominent citizens were present.

Mr. Ishii made it a point in his address to make it plain that there should be no hostility between the United States and Japan, and he decearled that his country was under the greatest obligations to this country. He went so far as to say that the ownership of the Philippines by the United States was one of the greatest guarantees of peace with the United States that Japan could have.

FISHERIES DISPUTE GOES TO THE HAGUE

London, Aug. 23—The United States proposition to submit the New Foundland fisheries dispute to arbitration at The Hague has been accepted by Great Britain. While the matter is in process of arbitration the fisheries will be conducted under the same modus vivendi as last year.

To Establish New Zion Gity

Las Vegas, N. M., Aug. 24.—Wilbur Glenn Voliva, who overthrew John Alexander Dowie as head of the Christian Catholic church and leader of Zion City, and a party of loyal followers are in Las Vegas to found their new religion in this section. They have purchased 5,000 acres of fertile land on the Las Vegas grant, near Las Vegas, and expect within a few weeks to have 2,000 colonists here. Negotiations are under way for the purchase of a large additional tract of land.

To Stamp Out Wine Frauds

Paris, Aug. 27.—As proof of its determination to eradicate the wine frauds, the government announced that there had been 4,320 prosecutions for violations of the law and that they would result in 3,640 convictions. The persons prosecuted included a mayor who resigned as a protest against the government's alleged inactivity in enforcing the law, and also several members of the wine growers' defense committee.

TO MOVE THE CROPS

GOVERNMENT WILL SUPPLY THE NECESSARY FUNDS.

Large Deposits To Be Made With Banks in Weekly Installments, and Actual Stringency Will Not Be Awaited---Cortelyou Makes Statement.

New York, Aug. 24.—Secretary of the trreasury Cortelyou announces that beginning next week he will place each week in New York, Boston and such other places other cities as he sees fit, deposits of government funds in sufficient quantities to prevent money stringency or possible panic during the crop moving period. Secretary Cortelyou plans to prevent a panic rather than come to the rescue of the market when the market is actually in trouble. The period of government relief will extend over a period of at least five weeks.

For these deposits the law allows Secretary Cortelyou the use of all customs funds, and if these are insufficient he will augment thems from the treasury balnce. The secretry hopes to prevent speculators from taking advantage of the situation by not announcing in advance the amounts to be deposited. He believes the plan will do much to prevent a gold movement in Europe.

Plan of Secretary

"Secretary Cortelyou announced today that, beginning with next week, the treasury department will make each week, for a period of not less than five weeks, deposits in national banks at New York, Boston, Chicago and other points, the security required to be approved state, municipal and railroad bonds acceptable under the existing requirements of the department, with the understanding that if called for such deposits shall be returned after January 1, next, in installments to be fixed by the secretary of the treasury.

"This action is to meet the commercial and industrial needs of the country at this season, and it is believed to be preferable to waiting until a time of actual stringency, when the only alternative would be a large general deposit. The latter policy, the secretary says, is to be superseded by one that will have as its ultimate object the adjustment of operations of the treasury department as rapidly as may be practicable under existing law, in such manner as shall preclude their being in any sense a factor in the business world"

Secretary Cortelyou gives no credit to any of his Wall street friends for helping work out this installment plan. The banks can hardly object to the liberal terms on which the government's money is offered to them. Under the existing law they have to pay no interest on emergency deposits and the government does not have to be repaid in a lump.

Money to Move Crops

New York, Aug. 24.—The subtreasury yesterday made the first considerable transfer of currency westward for the movement of crops when $500,000 was sent to Chicago.

SPIKELESS CACTUS

Its Evolution Has Been of Great Service, Says Mexican.

San Francisco, Aug. 26.—Enrique C. Criel, Mexican ambassador to the United States, who is visiting in San Francisco, spent a day at Luther Burbank's gardens at Santa Rosa. He was profuse in his praise when he returned to the Fairmount hotel of all that he saw at Santa Rosa'

"Burbank has done a great work, said the ambassador. He has done a service to nature the value of which cannot be overestimated. He has producedwonderful results. I was especially interested in the spikeless cactus which he has produced and more so in relation to the uses it will have in my own country.

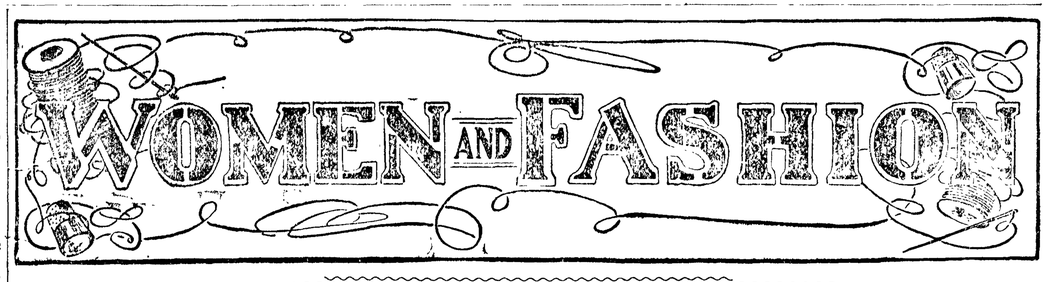
"Mexico is especially adapted for the extensive growth of the cactus. and the introduction of the spikeless variety will be of much service to the country. I shall certainly recommend the establishment of experimental stations in Mexico upon my return, at which the production of the spikeless cactus will be pursued.

Bread.

Into a quart of flour chop a tablespoonful of butter, wet with a quart of lukewarm water, add a tablespoonful of sugar and a half-cake of compresed yeast dissolved in warm water. Beat all together hard for ten minutes, then cover and set to rise over night. In the morning work in two quarts of salted flour. Knead steadily for fifteen minutes, cover and set to rise again, and, when double its original size, make into loaves; knead each of these for at least five minutes and set to rise for an hour, then bake.

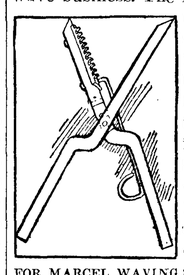
Spice Layer Cake.

Cream one cup of brown sugar and two-thirds of a cup of butter, add the beaten yolks of four eggs, a cup of milk, a teaspoonful each of ground cinnamon and cloves and allspice, a half nutmeg, grated, two cups of flour, sifted, with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and mix well. Bake in layer tins. This cake is good with a cocoanut filling and the white layers make a pretty contrast to the dark cake. Cover with white frosting and lay halved English walnuts over the top of the cake.



Home-Made Marcel.

For a long time the professional hairdresser had a monopoly of the marcel wave business. The fashionable coiffure required a professional touch which, it seems, could not be secured at the hands of the amateur. Many a girl, in the privacy of her bedroom, has wasted hour after hour in the endeavor to "marcel" her own hair only to succeed in making a mass of burned or tangled tresses not to be likened, for a moment, to the beautiful undulation of the ocean's waves, but rather to a knotted bunch of seaweed thrown up on the shore.



FOR MARCEL WAVING

The inventor has come to her relief in the presentation of a tool by which, so it is claimed, she can herself give her hair a "marcel" which will put the professional dresser to blush. At first glance this device looks like something which might be found in the doctor's kit, but its mission is entirely harmless and it can do no more danger than possibly burn a lock of hair if handled too carelessly. The teeth shown are sliding in a groove, and after the thing has been heated the hair is wound around one of the arms of the tongs, and when the hair has been drawn tight, by pulling the teeth along the slot, the other jaw of the tong is closed down and its heat gives the hair the desired curl.

Chic Seashore Frock.

A delightful design for a morning frock for seashore wear is shown in above sketch. It is white serge and the wide sailor collar and turned cuffs are prettily trimmed with write soutache braid. Three deep tucks finish the bottom of skirt which is in walking length.

Worn with this is a large bleached leghorn hat, the crown of which is encircled with a scarf or brown taffeta. A huge pink rose is fetchingly arranged on right side near front.

Health and Beauty Hints.

After using borax and rosewater for the removal of tan and freckles, a little cold cream should be applied, as borax makes the skin dry.

Large pores on the nose and chin may be reduced by applying several times a day a lotion made of lemon juice and glycerin, or one of alum and water.

Lemon sirup, made by baking a lemon twenty minutes and then squeezing the juice upon half a cupful of sugar, is excellent for hoarseness and to break up a cold.

A cure for hiccoughs is to inhale as much air as the lungs will hold and retain it as long as possible. If one inhalation is not enough repeat as often as necessary.

Should anything get into the eyes one drop of sweet oil should be dropped in the corner of it, but if it be mortar or lime bathe with a weak solution of water and vinegar.

A simple mixture of equal parts of lemon juice, honey and cologne is an excellent lotion for whitening the hands if they are abnormally red. Apply at night, rubbing well into the skin.

For an ordinary sore throat, with loss of voice or huskiness, dip a folded handkerchief in cold water. Encircle the neck with the wet handkerchief and cover it with several folds of old flannel. One night's application is usually sufficient to relieve slight cases.

Use Hats as Table Ornaments.

What's the use of harping on the extravagance of women when new and attractive millinery confronts their vision? One might as well take it philosophically and feel the worst is yet to come. It is said, in fact, that not only will hats be used in their proper place, but the tyrant behind the bonnet counter is handing them out to serve as decorations and to masquerade as table ornaments. At a luncheon the other day the center of the table bore a flat hat of Tuscan straw as large as the great hat through which Mrs. John Jacob Astor talked to the King at Ascot, and which made society forget the Derby debacle. The tabled hat was pink and was tied with ribbon in a way that made it resemble a basket. A bowl of water stood in the upturned crown and was filled with Lawson pinks. From it green vines trailed gracefully over the table.

The fine art of dressing is to wear good clothes and be unmindful of them. To be able to be "unmindful," one must feel that all her clothes are in order and becoming. Then, and then only, can she forget her appearance entirely. One idea to be borne in mind in choosing a hat for the hot weather is that it shall be some protection to the face. It really is more sensible to keep what complexion you have than to have to bother with pastes and washes. The absurdly small and tilted hats worn early in the season are useless for protecting the face. The sailor is still a favorite and is being made in lighter and daintier straws. While it continues to be trimmed simply, with a band and bow, it is brought up to date by a bandeau covered with ribbon bows, worn in the back under the rim. A shade hat made of rustic, soft green straws, and trimmed with wild flowers, is most attractive.

To Freshen Flowers.

It always seems so distressing to see beautiful cut flowers wither and fade, and to revive flowers that are not actually dead try this plan: Cut a tiny piece from each stem and place the stems in a large glass, or, even better, jar of cold water; then submerge the jar in a bucket of cold water, allowing the entire bunch to be almost covered. Put all in a dark place, cover with a newspaper to exclude the air; let them remain thus over night; in the morning they will be as fresh as new, even to the glistening "dew drops."

Roses and carnations respond better than other flowers treated in this manner, but so far there has not been found any way to freshen violets satisfactorily.

It might not be amiss to add that wilted green vegetables, such as spinach, lettuce and celery, are to be freshened by this same means, and may be kept for days, changing the water every morning, of course. However, we all know that the fresher all vegetables the better they are.

Care of the Hands.

For well-kept hands the nails are of prime importance. In the first place they must be properly cut, following the outline of the finger tips.

When the hands are washed the skin at the base should be gently pushed back with a towel or orange stick, so as to disclose the little white half-moon.

When the hand is held up before the face with the palm inward, a tiny rim of nail should show around the end of each finger. The corners should be cut round but not too closely, or they will become sore.

Sharp instruments should be kept from the nails, and cutting away the loose skin should be avoided, as it is apt to produce soreness. Lemon juice is useful in taking off stains. Should they look dull or rough, a little vaseline or beeswax may be rubbed on and then polished with a soft cloth.

Toppy Summer Hat.

Summer hats are having their innings despite the lack of encouragement in the weather, and flower trimming is rivaling plumes on hats designed for wear with muslins and other airy summer frocks. Huge roses, exquisite in coloring, are chief floral favorites.

A charming model in light blue straw has a band of brown silk around crown and a cluster of beautifully shaded roses are artistically arranged on left side, falling gracefully over the hair at back.

Relax the Nerves.

"What many of the human race need," said an English paper, "is not stimulants, but a narcotic." This might be read in regard to Americans—what many American women need is not stimulants, but a narcotic. We have, it is true, quite a number of ladies who take life easy and let the world wag on, as the old song says, as it will, but they are in the minority. The rest of us go at high pressure.

Witness the woman who goes on sprees of housecleaning, the lady who goes on mad shopping jamborees, the frenzied one bent on the instant achievement of clothes and hats, the person who goes in for dogs, the one who dotes on birds, the embroidery fiend—each and every specimen of the variety of the universal feminine who does not believe in doing things by halves. She is so determined not to do it by half that she does it about twice too much; she goes to the other extreme and oversteps the bounds of common sense.

The American woman is intense, she is generally in a hurry, she is thoroughly in earnest; life is real, she chants; life is earnest, and therewith she proceeds to make it hectic; if she is in society she means to be up at the head of the procession; if she is a wife and mother she too often kills herself serving her husband and children and taking care of her home; if she is on the intellectual order of women she overstudies and reads herself into nervous prostration; if she is an ambitious business woman she is so dead in earnest that half the time she moves around in a sort of financial trance.

She certainly does need a narcotic, something which would force her to relax, to take time to laugh and indulge now and then in a sweet and wholesome idleness; so she would be a saner and a less nervous woman, and consequently a more healthy one. But this narcotic has not as yet been discovered; only when she comes to the end of her strength does she give up, and then this giving up is a complete prostration. The sanitariums and health resorts, both here and in Europe, are largely recruited from this class.—Exchange.

A rich cream voile skirt was made attractive by a neat trimming around the bottom. The skirt was plaited in box plaits about two and one-half inches wide around the entire breadth. The bottom of each plait was trimmed with a narrow pyramid of lace, possibly seven inches long. The lace was as wide as each plait, gradually tapering to a point. The effect for a dress skirt was becoming indeed.

Ready-made riding clothes are now offered in great variety and excellent quality, and many women buy these inexpensive habits for summer wear, even though they may prefer a made-to-order habit for park use. The ready-made habits are furnished in paddock, semi-fitting and Norfolk coat styles and in both cross saddle and side saddle skirts. It is possible, too, to buy separate riding skirts of whipcord, cheviot, khaki and linen for summer wear with shirt waists.

Sewing-Room Novelty.

A convenient thing for the sewing room is made by suspending a broomstick from the picture molding by means of a strong string or wire attached to each end of the stick. Articles which need to be mended may be hung over it from time to time through the week. If suspended near a wall register in winter, it is an excellent place to hang wet leggings, stockings or coats when the children come in from playing in the snow.

For Sunken Cheeks.

Sunken cheeks usually denote malnutrition of the body. Those affected should follow a few simple rules of hygiene; eat simple nourishing food, take a glass of hot milk at bedtime, take a salt rub every day and join a gymnasium class. Every morning, immediately upon arising, bathe the face with very cold water. Every night rub into the hollow places all the skin food that you can force the pores to absorb.

Popular Shoe Colors.

Pale gray shoes and stockings are chosen in preference to white by some women whose feet do not need the enlarging effect of white. Dark smoke gray is another tone popular in shoes and stockings, which do not necessarily match the gown with which they are worn.

Is Any Woman Herself?

Life seems to have become a masquerade for half the girls and women one meets at the present day.

PROCEEDINGS OF BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

From page 4.

Ne ¼ nw ¼ sec 8-32-13, 400.00 280.00.
N ½ ne ¼ sec 35-29-14, 500.00 to 300.

The following property not having been asssessed the board ordered it placed on the tax rolls and assessed as follows:

Day's Subdivision of lots 12 and 13 sec 30-30-9, lots 1 to 9 inc and 11 to 23 inc assessed at 20.00 each, and lot 10 assessed at 100.00 with 125.00 for improvements.

Gate's subdivision of lot 3 sec 14-30-9, lots 1 to 13 inc. assessed at 20.00 each.

Original Plat of Sequim.

Lot 1 assessed at $50.00 with $500.00 for improvements and lots 2 and 3 assessed at $25.00 each and lots 4 to 20 inc. assessed at $20.00 each.

Firsi Plat of Townsite of Sequim.

Lot 1 block 1, assed at $25.00 with $50.00 improvements.

Lots 2 to 24 block 1, assessed at $6.00 each.

Lots 1 to 24 block 2, assessed at $3.00 each.

Lots 1 to 24 block 3, asssessed at $3.00 each.

Lots 1 to 24 block 4, assessed at $4.00 each.

Lots 1 to 24 block 5, assessed at $4.00 each.

Lots 1 to 24 block 6, assessed at $3.00 each.

Lots 1 to 24 block 7, assessed at $3.00 each.

Lots 1 to 24 block 8, assessed at $3,00 each.

After giving due and legal notice as required by law, the Board raised the assessed valuation of the following personal property as follows, to-wit:

E. E. Day, stock, $700.00 to $900.00
George H. Davis, stock and saloon, $250.00 to $500.00
J. F. Rudisile, stock and saloon $200. to $300.00
A. A. Zaccardo, stock and saloon, $20. to $100.00
E. W. Merrill & Co., stock of goods, $1,460.00 to $1,600.00
Port Angeles Grocery Co. stock of goods, $1,450.00 to $1,800.00
Dungeness Trading Co., stock of goods, $3,500.00 to $4,000.00
Johnson & Bork, stock of goods, $300. $500.00
H. Gutenberg & Co., stock of goods, $1,750 00 to $2,250.00
Herbert Baker, stock of goods, $300.00 to $600.00
S. J. Lutz & Co., stock of goods, $3,-500.00 to $4,000.00
Phelps Dry Goods Co., stock of goods, $600.00 to $700.00
Albert Goldwater, office furniture. $10.00 to $60.00
J. A. Johnson, hotel furniture. $100.00 to $250.00
W. D. Linthicum, stock of goods, $300.00 to $600.00
Schott Bros., stock of goods, $70.00 to $125.00.
Tribune.Times, printing plant, $350.00 to $600.00
Olympic-Leader, printing plant, $350. to $400.00
Filion Mill & Lumber Co.. lumber, $100.00 to $400.00
Filion Mill & Lumber Co., machinery, $2,200.00 to $2,600.00
Filion & Delabarre, donkey engines, $950.00 to $1,200.00
Black Diamond Paint & Shingle Co., machinery, $650 to $1,000
Goodwin & Sons, machinery, $825 to $1,000
Goodwin & Sons, shingles, $175 to $400
A. F. Whitney, machinery, $500 to $700
Seguin Shingle & Lumber Co., machinery, $1,200 to $1,500
Giest Lumber Co., lumber, $100 to $400
Puget Sound Mills & Lumber Co., tug boat (Augusta) $3,500 to $4,000
Manhattan Canning Co., machinery, $600 to $1,500
Craig Fish Product Co., tug boat (McKinley) $400 to $3,000
T. H. Carter, nursery stock, $15. to $75
Gate City Contracting Co., machinery, $250 to $400
W. A. Giest, horses, $100 to $150
W. A. Giest, wagon, $20 to $40
S. W. Hartt, horses, $150 to $250
F. B. Chambers, horses. $410 to $600
P. B. Chambers, wagons, $150 to $200
P. B. Chambers, harness, $25 to $50
A. L. Johnson, horses, $255 to $375
A. L. Johnson, horses, $360 to $425
A. L. Johnson, wagons, $90 to $120
A. L. Johnson, carriages, $175 to $215
F. S. Lewis, imp. on gov. land, $250 to $400
Joseph Legatis, imp. on gov. land, $50 to $100
S. S. Lovejoy, horse, $25 to $100
M. E. Mavbury, threshing machine, $30 to $80
Chas. F. Cays, machinery, $400 to $500
D. B. Merrill, imp. on gov. land $200 to $225
J. J. McDonald, stock of goods, $300 to $400
McIvor & Swanson, blacksmith shop. $150 to $200
J. D. McQueen, horses, $50 to $150
J. D. McQueen, wagon, $10 to $25
Fred Nelson, horses. $45 to $75
E. J. Ovington, boats, $95 to $150
Andrew Powell, household goods, $10 to $20
D. E. McGillivray, horses, $40 to $100
A. T. Johnson, boat (Sophia Jonson), $300 to $600
Cliff Thompson, wagon, $10 to $25
Cliff Thompson, carriage, $15 to $35
Cliff Thompson, horses, $130 to $160
R. C. Wilson, imp. on gov. land, $150 to $200

After giving due and legal notice as required by law, the Board raised the assessed valuation of the following real estate as follows, to-wit:

Vito Maraldo, e½ se¼, sec 12-29-3, $200 to $300
Vito Maraldo, e½ ne¼, sec 13-29-3, $200 to $300
O. H. Pease, sw¼ sec 17-29-3, $400 to $500
H. L. Mitchell, se¼ ne¼ and n½ se¼ hnd se¼ se¼ sec 24-30-3, $320 to $480
H. J. Bugge, nw¼ ne¼, sec 32 30-3, $80 to $120
W J. Ware, ne¼ne¼ and sw¼ ne¼ 17-30-4, $240 to $400
L. J. Byerly, nw¼ ne¼ sec 17-30-4, $120 to $200
R. D. Merrill, sw¼ sw¼ sec 26-30-4, $160 to $200
W. J. Ware, nw¼ ne¼ sec 27-30-4, $160 to $200
Aaron Lewis, se¼ sec 2-29-5, $480 to $960
Wells & Hitchings, ne¼ sec 17-30-7, $640 to $800
P.S M.&T.Co., se¼ 17-30-7, $640 to $800
P.S.M.&T.Co., nw¼ se¼ and s½ se¼ and se¼ sw¼ and lot 3 sec 33-31-7, $585 to $700
W. S. Pearce, lots 4 and 17 sec 6 30-9, $400 to $640
C. W. Grader, e½ sw¼ sec 21-28-13, $320 to $400
C. W. Grader, ne¼ nw¼ sec 28-28-13, $160 to $200
C. W. Grader, lot 1 sec 20-28-13, $100 to $150
W. F. Burghoff, sw¼ sec 27-31-13, $1,280 $1,600
L. D. Partch, e½ se¼ sec 34-31-13, $640 to $800
Maria Carpenter, se¼ and se¼ sw¼ sec 7 32-13, $800 to $1,300
Maria Carpenter, sw¼ sw¼ sec 8 32 13 $160 to $280
J. Leyh, nw¼ ne¼ and se¼ ne¼ sec 25-32-13 $300 to $400
A. M. Nichols, sw¼ sw sec 11-29-14, $100 to $160
A. M. Nichols, nw¼ nw¼ and s½ nw ¼, sec 14-29 14, $300 to $480
C. Baunton, lot 1 and ne¼ nw¼ sec 19-29 14, $200 to $300
Heirs of I.B.Merrick, se¼ sec 12-32-14 $700 to $1,000
A. W. Buckley, sw¼ sec 20-33-14, $700 to $1,000
J. N. Dewel, s½ nw¼ and n½ sw¼, sec 3 30-15 $640 to $960

After reading and approving the foregoing minutes, the Board adjourned sine die.

G. M. LAURIDSEN,
Chairman.

Attest:
N. M. HAWKINS,
Auditor.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall
P. J. WOLD, N. G.
WM. W. GARVIN, Secretary.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Pursuant to an order of the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam County, State of Washington, duly made in regular session on the 13th day of August, A. D. 1907, and duly entered on their minutes directing the Auditor to give notice of sale in the manner provided by law of the following described real estate, to wit:

The E½ of NW¼ and W½ of NE¼ of Section 22, Township 30 North, of Range 8 West, of Willamette Meridian.

Now therefore, Notice is hereby given that on Saturday the 28th day of September, A. D. 1907, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, the Sheriff of said county and State will sell the above described property.

Said sale will take place at the front door of the court house in Port Angeles in said county and State, and will be at public auction, for cash in hand, to the highest and best bidder.

Dated at Port Angeles, Washington, this 13th day of August, A. D. 1907.

[SEAL.] N. M. HAWKINS,
Auditor of Clallam Co. Wash.

Date of first publication, August 30th, 1907.

Contest Notice.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Seattl , Washington, May 10,1907.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Otto J. Sporseen, contestant, against homestead entry No. 17745, made May 4, 1900, for SE 1-4 NW 1-4 Section 29, Township 30 N., Range 3 W., by Andreas C. Jacobsen Contestee, in which it is alleged that said entryman has never at any time since the date of his entry established a residence on said tract of land or improved or cultivated same in accordance with the requirements of the homestead law; that he has resided elsewhere and has during all of said period and for more than six months last past abandoned said land, and that said alleged absence from the said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman or marine, during the war with Spain, or during any other war in which the United States may be engaged, said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a.m. on October 16, 1907, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Seattle, Washington.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed May 9, 1907, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be maee, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

If You Read This

It will be to learn that the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, "liver complaint," torpid liver, or biliousness, chronic bowel affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultants, as bronchial, throat and lung disease (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute colds and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacious in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherry bark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Mandrake root and Queen's root—all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College; Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes, that has any such *professional* endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its formula is the best possible guaranty of its merits. A glance at this published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous, harmful or habit-forming drugs and no alcohol—chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful agent in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric extract of native, medicinal roots and is safe and reliable.

A booklet of extracts from eminent, medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed *free* on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Haning Hall, cor. Oak and First streets. Visitors cordially invited.

H. M. FISHER, Exalted Ruler.
E. D. ELLIOTT, Secretary.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

N. W. Huggins, plaintiff,
vs.
R. B. Albertson, and Jane Doe Albertson, his wife,

and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to R. B Albertson, and Jane Doe Albertson, his wife, who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

N. W Huggins,

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 13 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The north-west quarter (NW 1-4) of the north-east quarter (NE 1-4) of section twenty-two (22) township thirty (30) north of range six (6) west of the Willamette Meridian in Clallam County, Washington.

That said certificate was issued on the First day of December, 1897, for the sum of $42.72 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1895, 1896; that the taxes for the following years have been paid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1897 the sum of $16.72; the year 1898 the sum of $17.40; the year 1899 the sum of $20.00; the year 1900 the sum of $.6.32; the year 1901 the sum of $16.96; the year 1902 the sum of $14.72; the year 1903 the sum of $15.48; the year 1904 the sum of $13.55; the year 1905 the sum of $14.14; the year 1906 the sum of $10.24, which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication to-wit, within sixty days after the 19thday of July, 1907, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interests; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

N. W. Huggins, plaintiff.
William Ritchie, attorney for plaintiff

Post Office address Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.

Date of first publication July 19,1907

Summons By Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

Mayme Knigt, Plaintiff
vs
Asa Knight, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said Asa Knight, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons to-wit: Within sixty days after the 26th day of July, 1907, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your said answer upon the undersigned attorney for said plaintiff at his office address below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you in accordance with the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is for a divorce and dissolution of the bonds of matrimony on the grounds of desertion and failure to support for a period of more than one year last past.

William Ritchie, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office address Port Angeles, Clallam County, State of Washington.

Date of first publication July 26th, 1907.

160 Acres Timber Land

on Bagley Creek

Mostly Cedar

A BARGAIN

LEWIS LEVY, REAL ESTATE BROKER

COR. FRONT & LAUREL STS., PORT ANGELES, WASH.

Reference, Bank of Clallam County.

Order to Show Cause

Why Order of Sale of Real Estate Should not be Made

In the Superior Court, for Clallam County, State of Washington.
No. 407.

In the matter of the estate of Emma Grams, Deceased.

C. F. Merritt, the Executor of the last Will and Testament of Emma Grams, deceased, having filed a petition herein praying for an order of sale of so much as necessary of the real estate of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED by the Court Commissioner of said Court, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before the said Superior Court, on Saturday, the 7th day of September, 1907, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court Room of said Superior Court, at the Court House in Port Angeles, County of Clallam, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Executor to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased Emma Grams as shall be necessary.

And that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in a newspaper printed and published in said Clallam County, and the copies of this order be posted for said time in three of the most public places in Clallam County for four successive weeks before said day of hearing.

GEO VENABLE SMITH.
Court Commissioner of said Superior Court.

Dated August 8th, 1907.

Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for Clallam County.

Martha E. Steik, Plaintiff,
vs
Fred. Steik, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said Fred. Steik the defendant herein.

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons to-wit: within sixty days after the 12th day of July 1907 and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint of plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorney for said plaintiff at his office address below stated, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you in accordance with the demand of the complaint which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

The object of the above entitled action is for a divorce and dissolution of the bonds of matrimony on the grounds of wilful and continued desertion and abandonment and failure to support for more than one year last past

Wm. Ritchie, Attorney for plaintiff.
Office and post office address Port Angeles, Clallam Caunty, Washington.
Date of first publication July 12, 1907.

PROBATE NOTICE

In the Superior Court of Clallam County State of Wasnington.

In the matter of the Estate of Emma Grams, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that Letters of Testamentary on the Estate of Emma Grams, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 24th day of July, 1907, by the Superior Court of Clallam County.

All persons having claims against said Estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance, at my office, Front Street, Port Angeles, Washington, within twelve months after the date of this notice, or they shall be forever barred.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1907.

C. F. Merritt, Executor of the Will of Emma Grams, deceased.

J. P. HAWKES
Real Estate . . . .
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JAMES STEWART
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Port Angeles, Wash.

GEORGE VENABLE SMITH
Attorney and Counselor at Law
Laurel St. Port Angeles, Wash

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